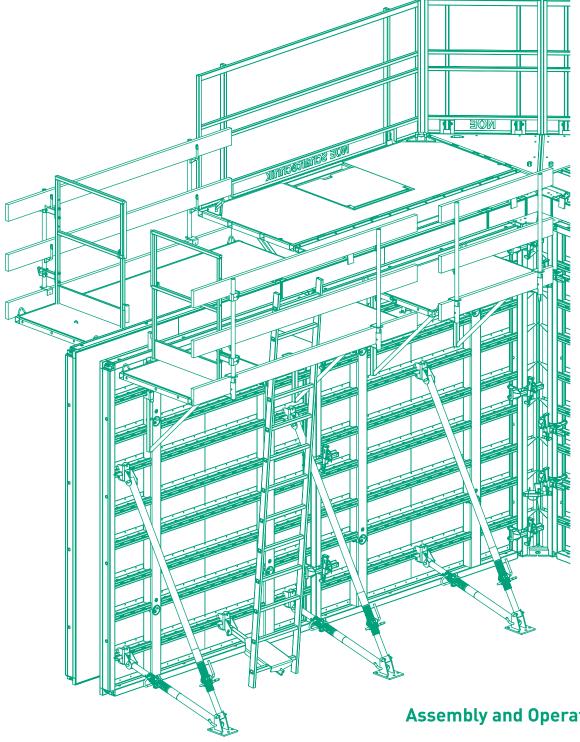


# NOEtop4



**Assembly and Operating Manual** 07.2024

# NOEtop4 Formwork







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#### NOEtop4 Formwork



# 1. Safety advice, GSV guidelines

# 1.1 Advice on proper and safe use of formwork and falsework

The contractor is responsible for drawing up a comprehensive risk assessment and a set of installation instructions. The latter is not usually identical to the assembly and use instructions.

- Risk assessment: The contractor is responsible for the compilation, documentation, implementation and revision of a risk assessment for each construction site. His employees are obliged to implement the measures resulting from this in accordance with all legal requirements.
- Installation instructions: The contractor is responsible for compiling a written set of installation instructions. The assembly instructions form part of the basis for the compilation of a set of installation instructions.
- Assembly and use instructions: Formwork is technical work equipment and is intended for commercial use only. It must be used properly and exclusively through trained specialist personnel and appropriately qualified supervising personnel. The assembly and use instructions are an integral component of the formwork construction. They comprise at least safety guidelines, details on the standard configuration and proper use, as well as the system description. The functional instructions (standard configuration) contained in the assembly instructions are to be complied with exactly as stated. Enhancements, deviations or changes represent a potential risk and therefore require separate verification (with the help of a risk assessment) or a set of installation instructions that comply with the relevant laws, standards and safety regulations. The same applies in those cases where formwork and/or falsework components are provided by others on site.
- Availability of the assembly and use instructions: The contractor must ensure that the assembly and use instructions provided by the manufacturer or formwork supplier are available at the place of use, that site personnel are informed of this before assembly and use takes place, and that they are available at all times.
- Representations: The representations (drawings, diagrams etc.) shown in the assembly instructions are, in part, situations of assembly and not always complete in terms of safety considerations. Any safety installations that may not have been shown in these representations must nevertheless be available.
- Storage and transportation: Any special requirements relating to transportation procedures and storage of the formwork constructions must be complied with. An example would be the use of the appropriate lifting gear.
- Material check: Formwork and falsework material deliveries are to be checked on arrival at the construction site/place of destination as well as before each use to ensure that they are in perfect condition and function correctly. Changes to the formwork materials are not permitted.
- Spare parts and repairs: Only original components may be used as spare parts. Repairs are to be carried out by the manufacturer or at authorised repair facilities only.
- Use of other products: Combining formwork components from different manufacturers carries certain risks. They are to be individually verified and can result in the
  compilation of a separate set of assembly instructions required for the installation of the equipment.
- Use of other products: Individual safety symbols are to be complied with. Examples:



Safety information: Non-compliance can lead to damage

to materials or risk to the health of site personnel (also life).



Visual check: The intended operation is to be subject to

a visual check.



Note: Supplementary information for safe, correct and

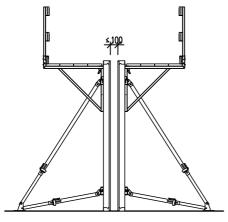
professional execution of work activities.

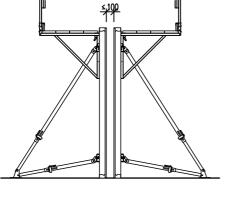
Miscellaneous: We reserve the right to make amendments in the course of technical development. All current country-specific laws, standards and other safety regulations are to be complied with without exception for the safe application and use of the products. They form a part of the obligations of employers and employees regarding industrial safety. This gives rise to, among other things, the responsibility of the contractor to ensure the stability of the formwork and falsework constructions as well as the structure during all stages of construction, which also includes the basic assembly, dismantling and the transport of the formwork and falsework constructions or their components. The complete construction is to be checked during and after assembly.

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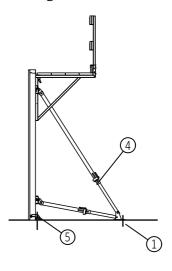
#### 1.2 Safe setting down of wall formwork elements

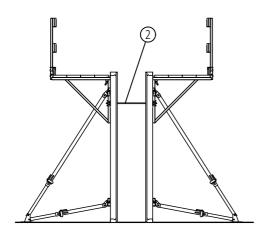
#### Double-faced formwork system

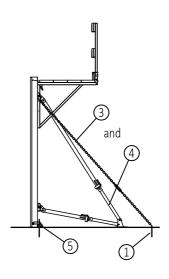














To avoid accidents always set elements down in such a way that they are structurally stable (guy, brace, anchor) this includes placing them down safely on the ground.

If the stabilizers are anchored with an anchor bolt, they must be able to act in compression and tension. At least 2 stabilizers must be attached to single panels.

Attach the uplift safety device in the event of wind loads.

For the length and fastening of the stabilizers see 15.6 and 15.7.

- 1 Anchor bolt
- 2 Tie rod (to resist tension and compression)
- 3 Guy
- 4 Stabilizer
- 5 Uplift safety device

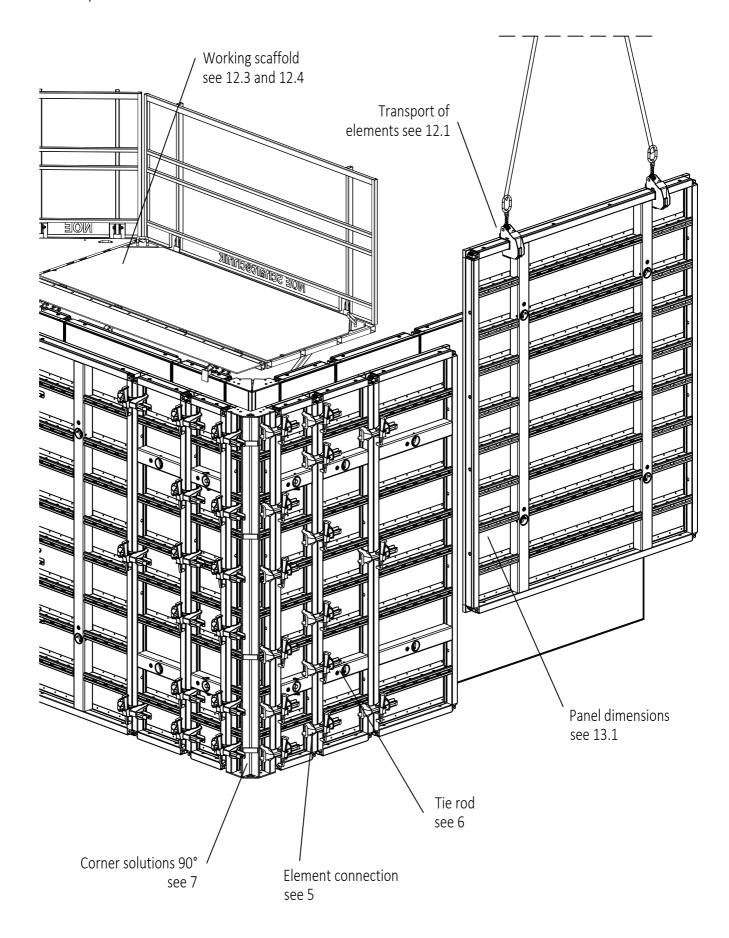


# 2. System overview NOEtop4: Frame formwork installed from one side

Tie with tapering NOEtop4 tie rod DW20 permissible concrete pressure  $\underline{80~\text{kN/m}^2}$  in acc. with DIN 18218! Working scaffold · see 12.3 and 12.4 Ties see 6

Formwork stabilizers see 12.5 and 12.6







#### 3. Assembly instructions

The individual steps for assembly and erection are shown diagrammatically in the following pages. When erecting formwork, we recommend that you start at a corner; when stripping formwork, it is best to start from the stopend form or from the compensation piece to the corner, as appropriate.

→ Indicates relevant chapters, where the steps are shown in detail.



Before using the formwork, read through the assembly and use manual and observe the safety advice given in each section at all times!

Everyone who works with the product must receive instruction from a suitably qualified member of the site supervisory staff.



A risk analysis covering all situations on site must be carried out by a responsible person. Components must be free of defects. Therefore visual inspection and/or testing of each component are essential at all stages of the work!

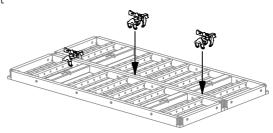
#### 3.1 Unloading formwork elements

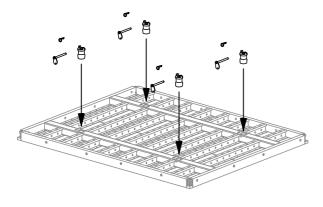
Refer to 12.1 for transporting formwork

#### 3.2 Erecting formwork

#### 3.2.1 Preassembling the first face formwork

- ◆ To assemble the elements into one unit, lay the panels down on a suitable level surface and connect them using formwork locks. Support the face on e.g. lengths of squared timber to avoid causing damage to the formwork lining.
  - Refer to Chapter 5 for connection elements





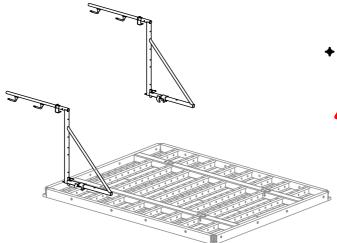
◆ Insert fixed bearing into the bearing shell and secure



Check that they are properly seated and securely fastened in place!

→ Observe 6.2 for preparation of first face formwork



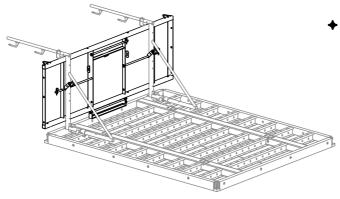


◆ Suspend walkway brackets in hat profile



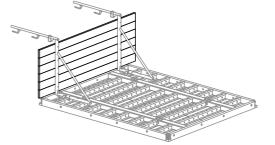
Check that they are properly seated and securely fastened in place!

Refer to 12.3 and 12.4 for walkway brackets

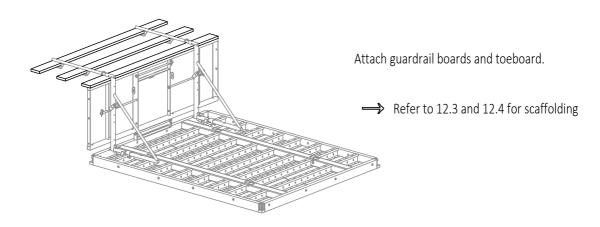


First element with platform and trapdoor

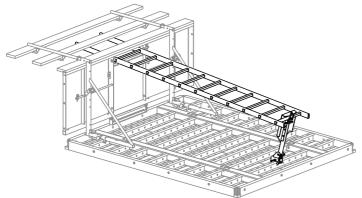
- ◆ Attach NOEtop working platform (1st element) and/or scaffold planks (and all additional elements).
  - → Refer to 12.3 and 12.4 for scaffolding



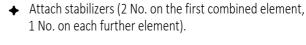
Additional elements with boarding

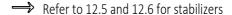


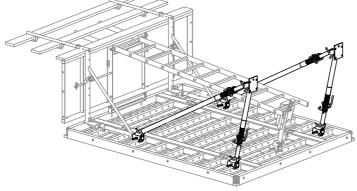




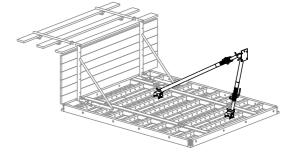
- ◆ On 1st element: Attach ladder support to the panel and fasten the ladder to the support and to the working platform.
  - → Refer to 12.3 for scaffolding





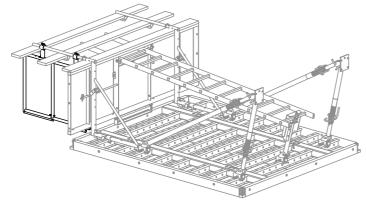


First element with 2 stabilizers



Each further element has one stabilizer

◆ Attach guard-rail clamps and guardrail boards to the first and last elements of a length of the object to be cast (if required also at corners, stepped projections etc.) to prevent falls from the open platform ends.



End protection with scaffold platform adapter handrail tube Part No. 550025 and handrail tubes.

Alternatively: End protection with NOEtop front guard-rail (see 15.5.2)

◆ Erect element as described in 3.2.2 and preassemble the other elements for the length of the object to be cast, as described above.



#### 3.2.2 Erecting the first face formwork



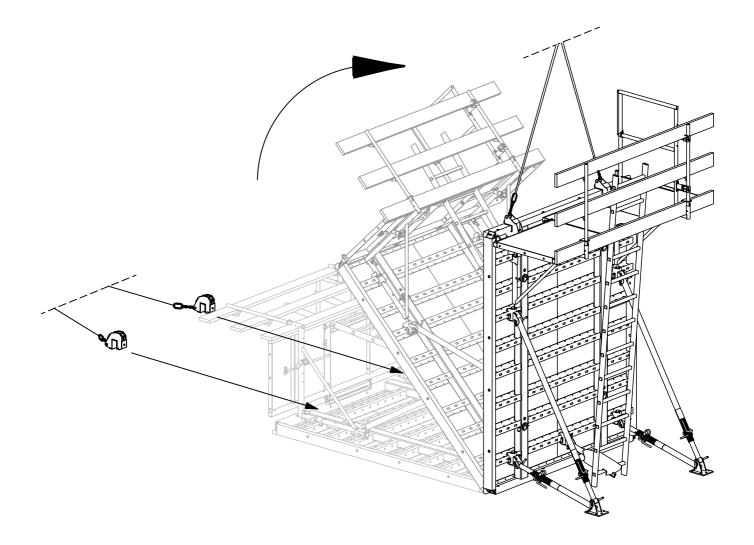
For safe transport: Do not exceed the maximum permissible load on the crane hook!

max. 20 kN vertical

Refer to table in 12.1.4

Operating instructions

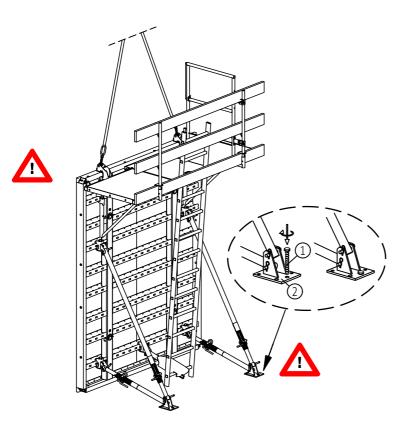
- ◆ Sling crane hook with hanger and lift the combined unit slowly with the crane (if the lift is too rapid the stabilizer may strike the ground!).
  - Refer to 12.1 for transporting formwork

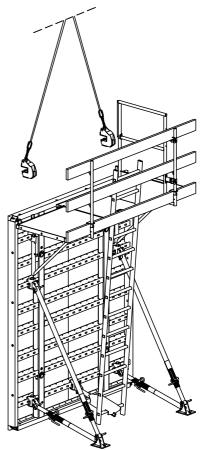




◆ Once the combined element has been placed and correctly aligned in its installation position, anchor the element stabilizers to the base using a force-transmitting anchor.

Refer to 12.5 and 12.6 for stabilizers





- 1 Bolt MMS plus 16x130 Part No. 313151
- 2 Bottom support
- ◆ Once the stabilizers have been fastened in accordance with the instructions, climb up the ladder on to the platform and disconnect the crane hook whilst standing on the platform.
  - Refer to 12.1.4 for crane hook



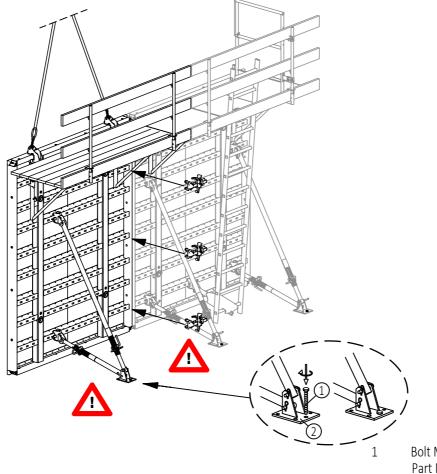
Anchor the stabilizers against tension and compression forces to ensure structural stability before releasing the crane hook.

ATTENTION: Danger of falling inside the formwork! (For heights > 2 m take precautions to ensure safety against falling!)

**⇒** see 12.4



◆ Preassemble the other elements in accordance with 3.2.1 and lift them into place in the installation position with the crane.



Bolt MMS plus 16x130 Part No. 313151 Bottom support

◆ Attach the first connections and anchor the stabilizer using a force transmitting anchor, then detach the crane hook whilst standing on the platform.

To reach this point use the ladder to climb up to the working platform of the first element, climb through the trapdoor and walk along the platform from there.



Anchor the stabilizers against tension and compression forces and attach connection to ensure structural stability before releasing the crane hook.

ATTENTION: Danger of falling inside the formwork!

(Ensure safety against falling from heights > 2 m

by providing suitable measures!)  $\Longrightarrow$  see 12.4

ATTENTION: Danger of falling from the open scaffold side, take appropriate care!





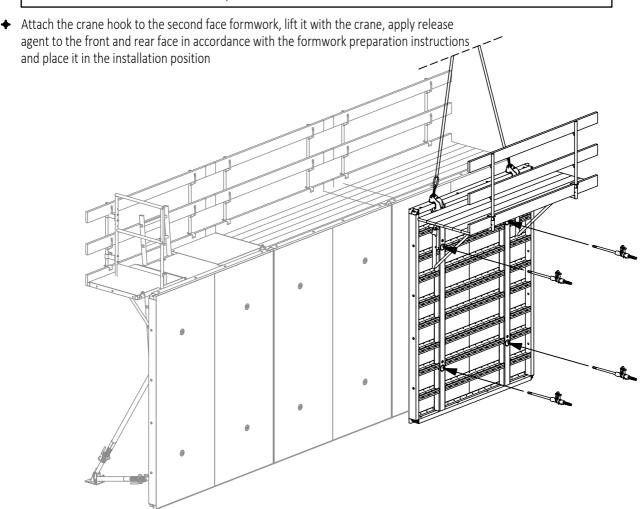
#### 3.2.3 Installing the (opposing) second face formwork

◆ Preparing the first face formwork: apply release agent to the front and rear formwork faces in accordance with the formwork preparation instructions, fix reinforcement in position.



If no fall protection measures were attached to the first face formwork for formwork heights > 2.00 m then the appropriate safety measures must now be installed (if necessary preattach the fall safety measures while the second face formwork is on the ground).

Refer to 12.4 for fall protection



- ◆ Install tapering tie rod appropriate for the wall thickness and seal any surplus tie rod holes with sealing pins.
  - Refer to 6.3 Closing the formwork and 6.4 Closing the unused tie rod holes



Do not release the crane hook until after the tie rods are installed for the first element and, in the case of further elements, a top tie rod is installed and tensioned and the connections are installed.

- Once the element is secured, climb the ladder to the platform on the first face formwork and detach the crane hook from there. Pay particular attention to the danger of falling! Alternatively the crane hook can be detached from at ground level.
  - Refer to 12.4 for fall protection and 12.1 for crane transport
- ◆ Repeat this procedure for the full length of the object to be cast.

#### NOEtop4 Formwork



#### 3.3 Concreting



Before concreting starts check the anchors, ties and connections for

- Completeness
- Correct positioning
- Effective locking
- ◆ Do not exceed the permissible pressure during concreting (DIN 18218 "Pressure of fresh concrete on vertical formwork"), i.e. pay attention to the rate of rise of the concrete.

- for one-sided ties ø20 mm permissible concrete pressure 80 kN/m<sup>2</sup> - for two-sided ties ø20 mm permissible concrete pressure 80 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

♦ If using internal vibrators refer to DIN 4235 Part 2 "Compaction of concrete by internal vibrators".

#### 3.4 Stripping formwork

#### 3.4.1 Stripping second-face formwork

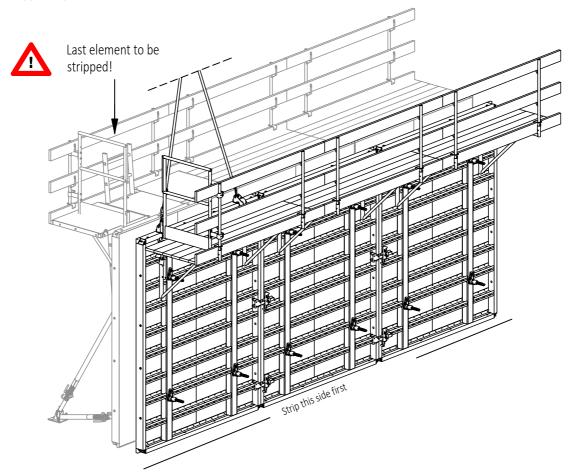


Before stripping first check:

- Minimum stripping times!
- Concrete compressive strength!

When stripping start with the panels without stabilizers!

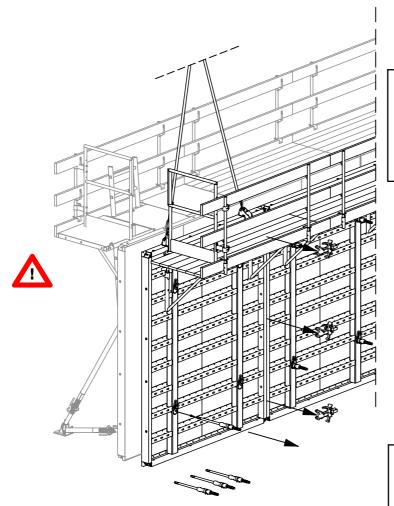
◆ Attach the crane hook with a hanger to secure the element or combined element. Access for this operation is from the opposite platform.







◆ Remove the tapering tie rods from the elements or element combinations to be stripped, remove the connectors to the adjacent element and release the element from the concrete.
Use pry bars or similar tools on the corner casting; never pull panels free with a crane.





Never use a crane to pull formwork panels off the concrete!

Do not stand close to the back of the panel; it may swing out!



If a panel is proving difficult to strip, check again that all the tie rods have been removed!

- ◆ Place the element down in a stable position (see 1.2) and detach the crane hook (see 15.1.6).
- ♦ Clean the formwork elements before each further use and apply release agent.



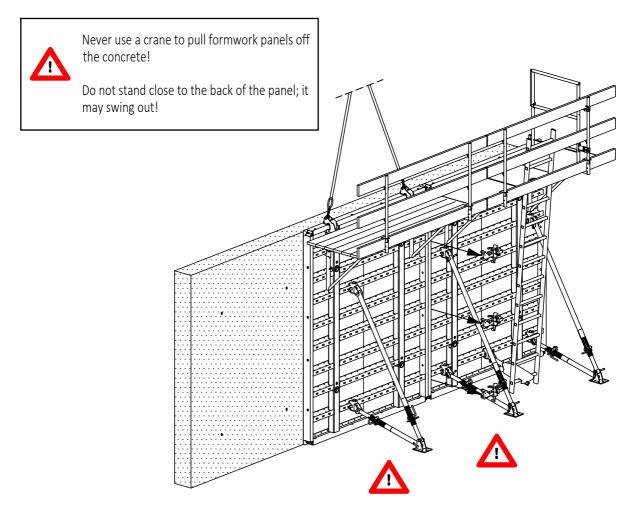
#### 3.4.2 Stripping the first face formwork - formwork with scaffolding

◆ Remove any loose parts from the platform and, whilst working from the platform, attach the crane hook and hanger to the combined element.



To ensure safe access:

Strip the combined element with trapdoors in their platforms last



- ◆ Loosen the anchors to the stabilizers, remove the connectors to the adjacent combined unit and free the element from the concrete. Use pry bars or similar tools on the corner casting to do this; never pull panels free with a crane.
- ◆ Place the element down in a stable position (see 1.2) and detach the crane hook (see 12.1.6).

#### 3.5 Preparation for transport

- ♦ Dismantle stabilizers, scaffolds and elements. Refer to Section 3.2 using reverse order.
- ◆ Stack the cleaned elements and bind them into suitable groups for safe transport. Place small parts in NOE boxes for transport.
  - → Refer to 12.1 for transporting formwork

# NOE

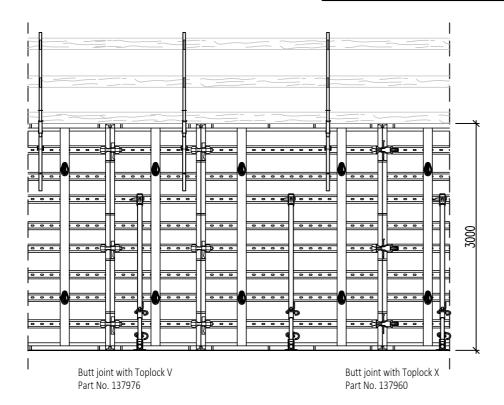
## 4. Standard construction

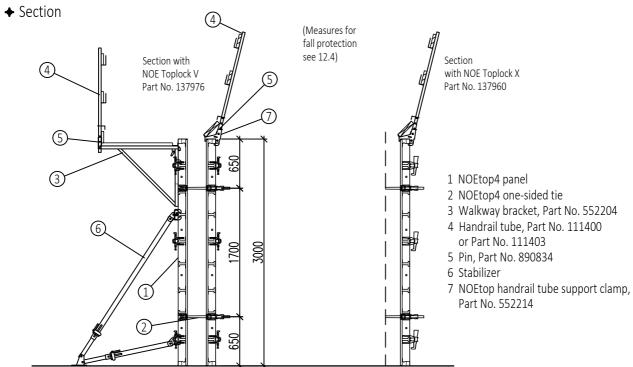
# 4.1 Formwork height 3000 mm

#### **◆** Flevation



- Ties with tapering NOEtop4 tie rod DW20 permissible concrete pressure
   80 kN/m² in acc. with DIN 18218!
- Ties with DW20 tie rod + sleeve permissible concrete pressure 80 kN/m² in acc. with DIN18218!



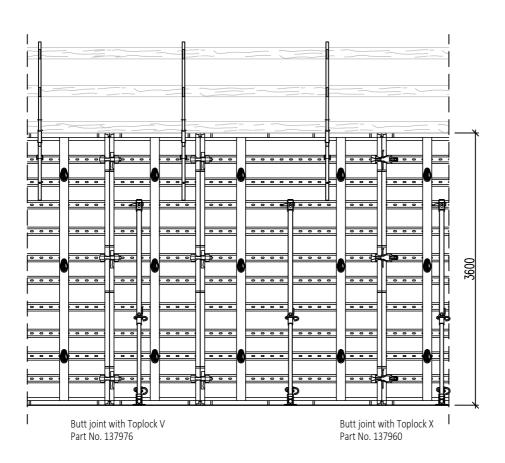


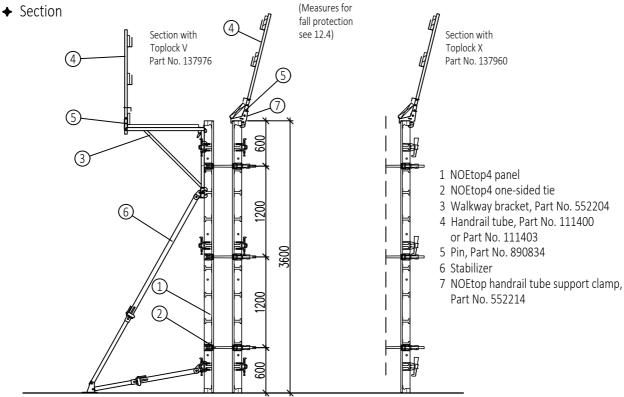
# NOE

## 4.2 Formwork height 3600 mm

**◆** Elevation

Permissible concrete pressure - see Item 4.1



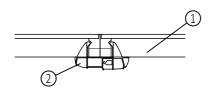


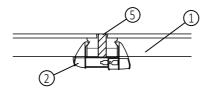


#### 5. Element connections

(Ties not shown - see Chapter 6)

#### 5.1 Connection with NOE Toplock V - with up to 42 mm compensation piece

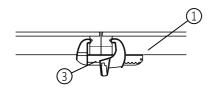


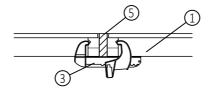




The NOE Toplock can be used on panel butt joints with a 0-42 mm compensation piece.

#### 5.2 Connection with NOE Toplock X - with a compensation piece of up to 100 mm

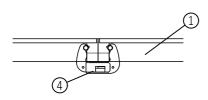






The NOE Toplock X be used at a panel butt joint with a 0-100 mm compensation piece.

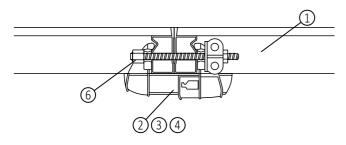
## 5.2 Connection with NOE Easylock - compensation piece cannot be used





NOE Easylock can be used at panel butt joints to connect elements. Compensation pieces cannot be used.

# 5.4 Element connection with longitudinal tension forces





If longitudinal compensation is required, replace the connection bolt by a threaded rod and additional sprint nut

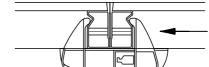
- 1 NOEtop4 panel
- 2 NOE Toplock V, Part No. 137976
- 3 NOE Toplock X, Part No. 137960
- 4 NOE Easylock, Part No. 137950
- 5 Timber compensation piece

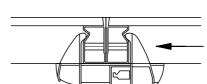
6 Connection bolt, Part No. 135019 with 2x waling plates, Part No. 691500 and Sprint nut, Part No. 680580 or with compensation piece tie rod, 2x plates and 2x Sprint nuts

View A

## 5.5 Using the Toplock V

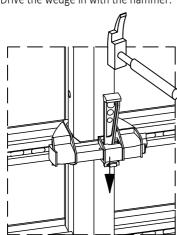
- ◆ The panels must be butted together as closely as possible. Push the opened panel lock horizontally over the panel butt joint whilst lifting the wedge slightly with the fingers. Place the fixed shoe on to the frame of the panel.
- ◆ Push the mobile shoe to close it, until it lies against the profile. Release the wedge to fix the lock and press it downwards.





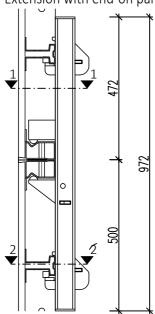


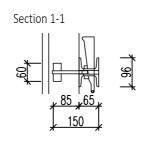
◆ Drive the wedge in with the hammer.

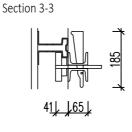


#### 5.6 Connections with alignment clamps - with extensions

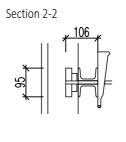
# Extension with end-on panels

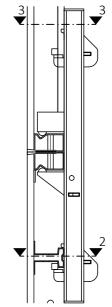






#### Extension with side-on panels

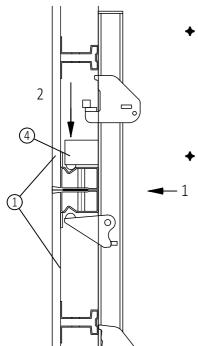




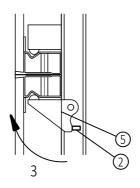
# NOE

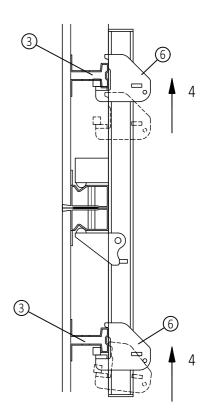
#### 5.6.1 Using the alignment clamps

Connecting to the horizontal profile

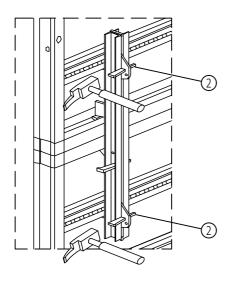


- ◆ Stand the panels on top of one another so that they butt together as closely as possible (for panels assembled on the ground bring them next to one another). Push the alignment clamp over the panel joint and place the fixed shoe on to the frame of the extension panel.
- To lock the clamp on to the panel butt joint drive in the wedge on the mobile shoe with the hammer.





◆ Push each of the two outer mobile shoes on to the hat profile so that they enclose the profile

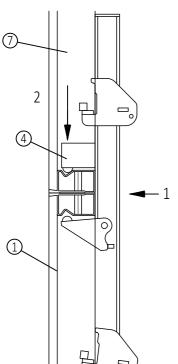


◆ and drive in the wedges with the hammer.

- 1 End-on panel
- 2 Wedge
- 3 Hat profile
- 4 Fixed shoe
- 5 Mobile shoe
- 6 Outside mobile shoe

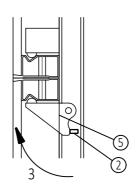
# NOE

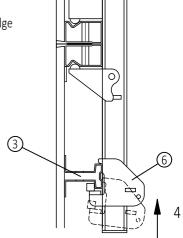
#### Connecting to the vertical profile



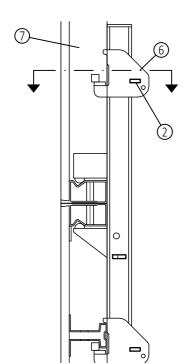
◆ Stand the panels on top of one another so that they butt together as closely as possible (for panels assembled on the ground bring them next to one another). Push the alignment clamp over the panel joint and place the fixed shoe on to the frame of the extension panel. Pay particular attention to ensuring that the clamp is close enough to the hat profile of the side-on panel that the nib engages the profile (see below).

◆ To lock the clamp on to the panel butt joint drive in the wedge on the mobile shoe with the hammer.





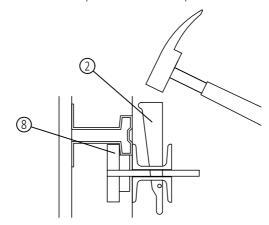
Push the bottom mobile shoe on to the hat profile so that it encloses the profile then drive in the wedge.



The bottom shoe is attached on the case of 2 side-on panels as described above.

With the top shoe, pay particular attention to ensure that the pin engages in the hat profile of the side-on panel and then drive in the wedge.

Section through top mobile shoe and hat profile of the side-on panel

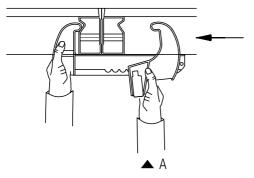


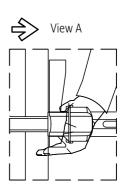
- 1 Standing panel
- 2 Wedge
- 3 Hat profile
- 4 Fixed shoe
- 5 Mobile shoe
- 6 Outside mobile shoe
- 7 Side-on panel
- 8 Pin

# NOE

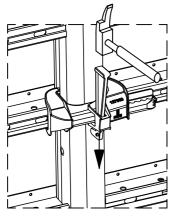
## 5.7 Using the Toplock X

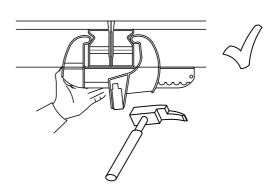
◆ The panels must be butted together as closely as possible. Fully open the panel lock.

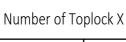




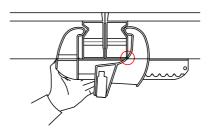
- ◆ Push the opened panel lock horizontally over the panel butt joint whilst lifting the wedge slightly with the fingers. Place the fixed shoe on to the frame of the panel.
- ◆ Push the mobile shoe to close it, until it lies against the profile. Release the wedge to fix the lock and press it downwards.
- ◆ Drive the wedge in with the hammer.







0	Panel height [mm]	Number high
$\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}$	3600 mm	3
	3000 mm	3
	900 mm	1





For cross-sectional view see 4.1 and 4.2

In areas where there are high tension forces (corners, stopends, etc.) an increased the number of connections must be used

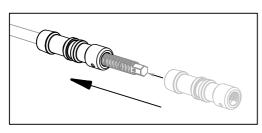
# NOE

# 6. One-sided tie system - NOEtop4

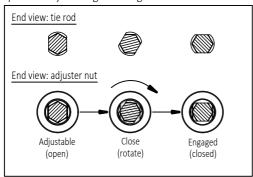
#### 6.1 Setting the wall thickness

Fitting the adjuster nut

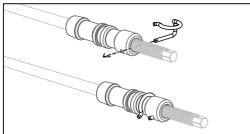
♦ Push the adjuster nut over the tapering tie rod



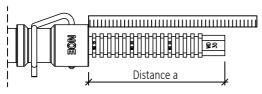
◆ Bring the anchor rod into the locking position by turning it through 90°



◆ Push the locking clip through the opening in the adjuster nut and turn it downwards over the adjuster nut



Check dimension - wall thickness

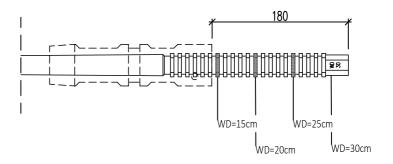


Wall thi	ckness	Distance a	
Rod A Rod B		Distance a	
150 mm	250 mm	180 mm	
200 mm	300 mm	130 mm	
250 mm	350 mm	80 mm	
300 mm	400 mm	30 mm	

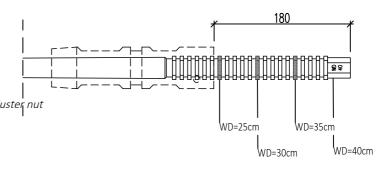


NOEtop4 - tie rods DW20 have an adjustable wall thickness setting of + / - 1cm

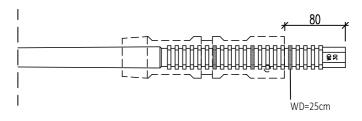
NOEtop4 - tie rod DW20 Wall thicknesses of 15 - 30 cm (rod A)



NOEtop4 - tie rod DW20 Wall thicknesses of 25 - 40 cm (rod B)



Example - one-sided tie Wall thickness = 25 cm (rod A)



For wall thicknesses of 15 - 30 cm

Part No. 850008



For wall thicknesses of 25 - 40 cm

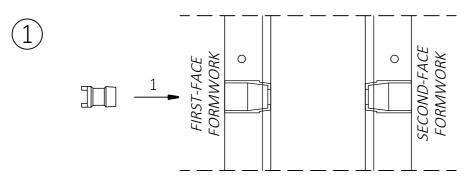
Part No. 850009



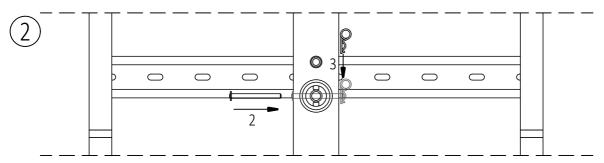


#### 6.2 Preparation of the first-face formwork

◆ FIRST-FACE FORMWORK - insert fixed bearing

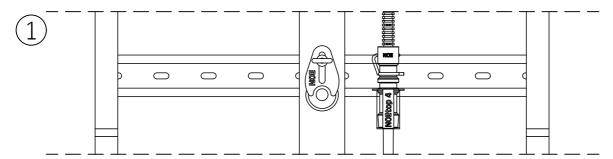


◆ FIRST-FACE FORMWORK - secure fixed bearing with securing pin + spring pin

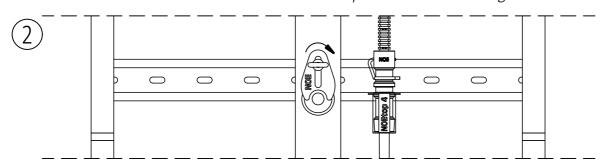


#### 6.3 Closing the formwork / erection

◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - setting the distance preserver

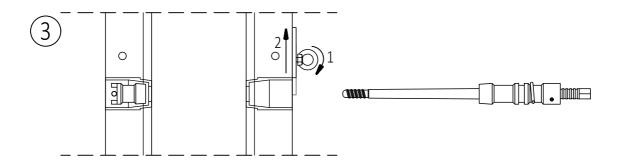


◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - screw in the distance preserver with the ring bolt

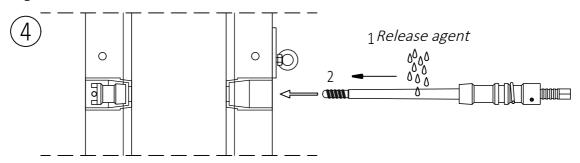




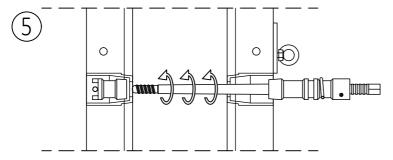
◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - release ring bolt and push up distance preserver



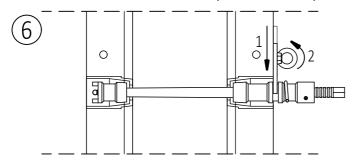
◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - lubricate tapered tie rod DW20 with release agent and insert



◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - screw the tapered tie rod DW20 into the fixed bearing, as far as it will go. Ensure rod is only hand-tight!



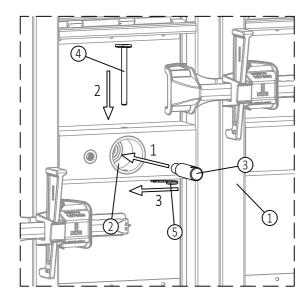
◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - push distance preserver downwards and secure with the ring bolt



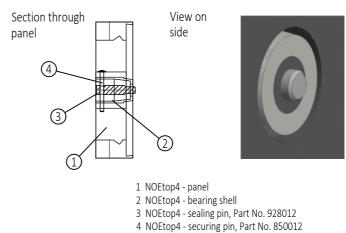


#### 6.4 Sealing the unused tie rod holes

Unused tie rod holes must be sealed with sealing pins!



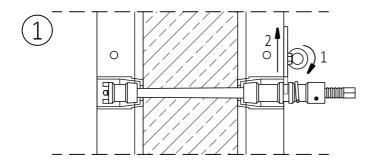
- . Insert sealing pin into the bearing shell as far as it will go
- 2. Insert the securing pin through the opening in the bracing profile
- 3. Secure the securing pin with the spring pin



5 Spring pin, Part No. 913303

#### 6.5 Removing the ties / stripping

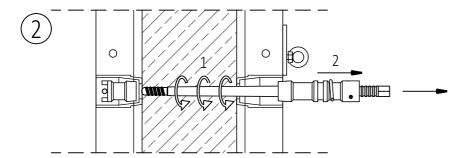
◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - release ring bolt and push up distance preserver





Remove tapered tie rod DW20 as early as possible, to prevent it adhering to the concrete

◆ SECOND-FACE FORMWORK - screw out tapering tie rod



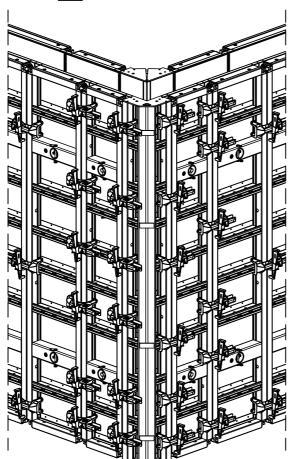
# NOE

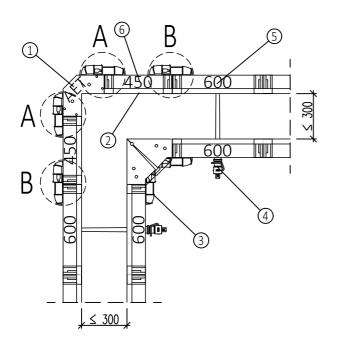
#### 7. Corner solutions

7.1 Corner 90° - with NOEtop4 external corner 150 x 150 mm

◆ External corner clamped

Wall thicknesses up to 300 mm
Wall heights up to 3600 mm

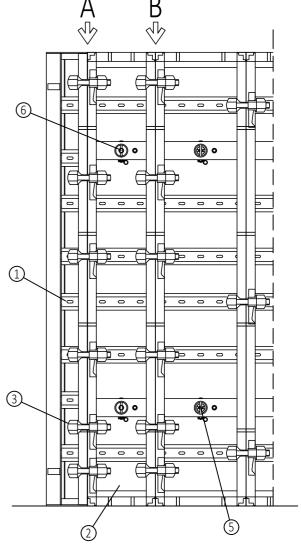






Seal the tie rod holes of the corner panels with sealing pins!

→ For installation see section 6.4

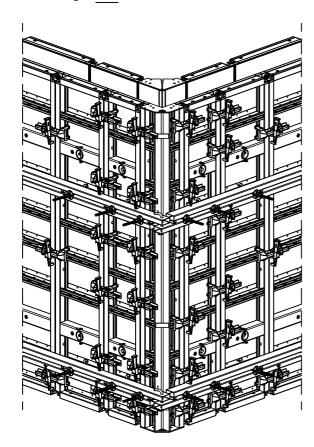


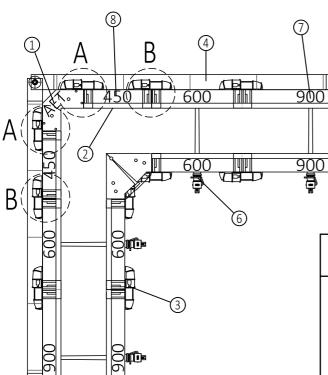
- 1 NOEtop4 external corner 150x150 mm
- 2 NOEtop4 make-up panel
- 3 NOE Toplock V, Part No. 137976
- 4 NOEtop4 one-sided tie
- 5 NOEtop4 fixed bearing, Part No. 850007
- 6 NOEtop4 sealing pin, Part No. 928012

Number of connections				
	Panel height	Number high		
	[mm]	Butt joint A	Butt joint B	
	3600 mm	6	6	
	3000 mm	6	6	
	900 mm	2	2	



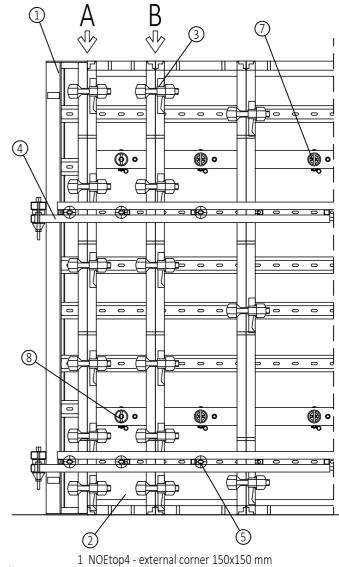
- ◆ External corner clamped
- Wall thicknesses from 300 mm to 400 mm Wall heights from 3600 mm





L ≤ 400 L

Seal the tie rod holes of the corner panels with sealing pins! For installation see section 6.4



- 2 NOEtop4 make-up panel
- 3 NOE Toplock V, Part No. 137976
- 4 NOEtop4 alignment channel, Part No. 850039
- 5 NOEtop4 tie rod with fixing lug, Part No. 850014
- 6 NOEtop4 one-sided tie
- 7 NOEtop4 fixed bearing, Part No. 850007
- 8 NOEtop4 sealing pin, Part No. 928012

Number of connections				
	Panel height	Number high		
	[mm]	Butt joint A	Butt joint B	Bracings
	3600 mm	6	6	3
	3000 mm	6	6	2
	900 mm	1	1	1

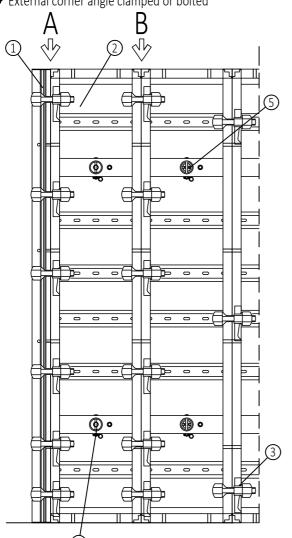


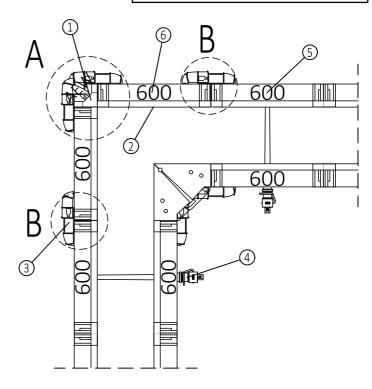
#### 7.2 Corner 90° - with NOEtop4 external corner angle

Seal the tie rod holes of the corner panels with sealing pins!

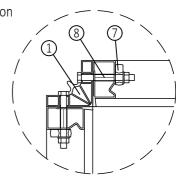
For installation see section 6.4

◆ External corner angle clamped or bolted





Detail
 Bolted connection
 NOEtop4 - ECA

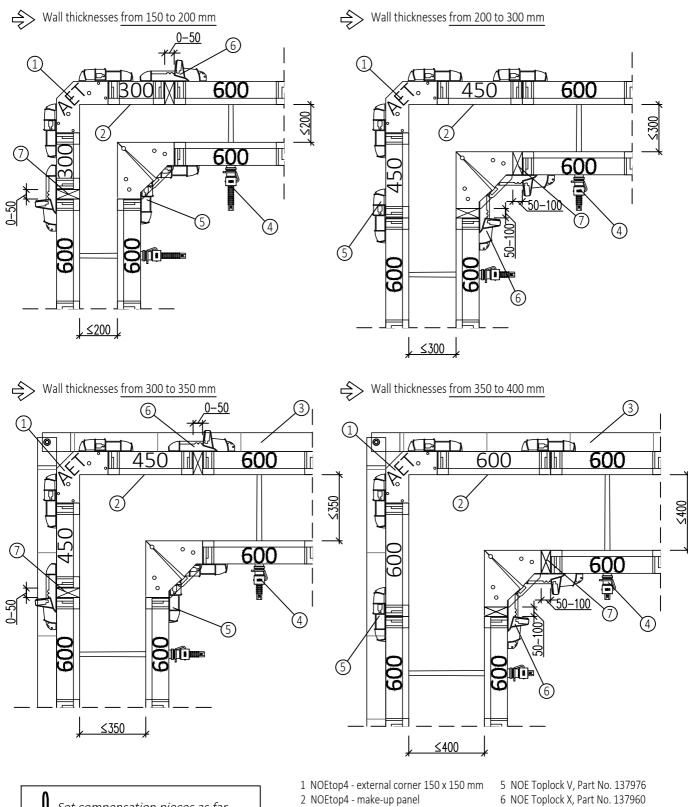


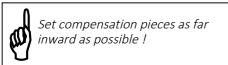
Number of connections				
	Panel height	Number high		
la la	[mm]	Butt joint A or t5;Butt joint A Locks Bolts	Butt joint B	
	3600 mm	6 — or — 4	6	
	3000 mm	6 — or — 4	6	
	900 mm	2 — or — 2	2	

- 1 NOEtop4 external corner angle ECA
- 2 NOEtop4 make-up panel
- 3 NOE Toplock V, Part No. 137976
- 4 NOEtop4 one-sided tie
- 5 NOEtop4 fixed bearing, Part No. 850007
- 6 NOEtop4 sealing pin, Part No. 928012
- 7 Waling plate, Part No. 691500
- 8 M16x140, Part No. 314250



- 7.3 Corners 90° with compensation piece
- 7.3.1 Corner 90° with NOEtop4 external corner 150 x 150 mm

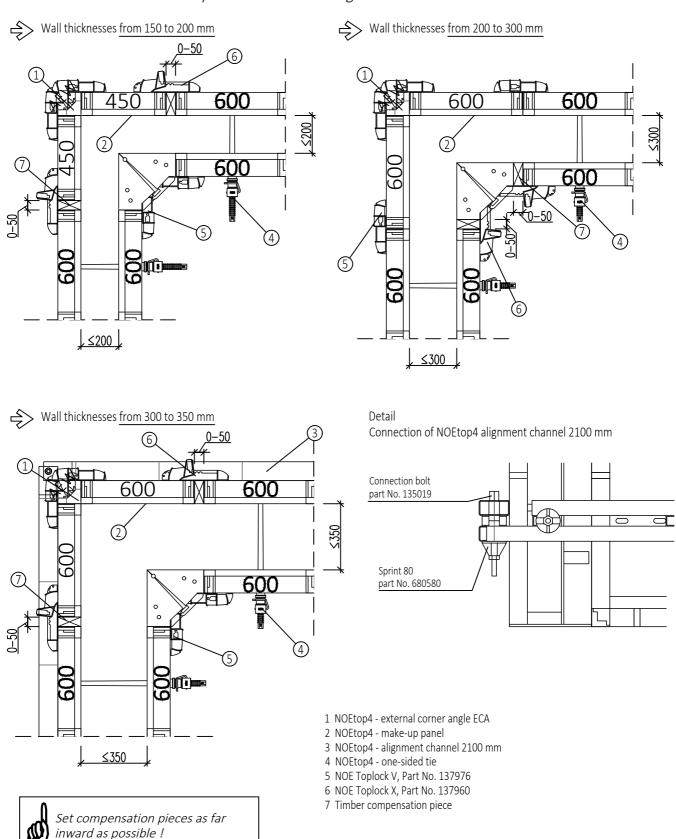




- 3 NOEtop4 alignment channel 2100 mm
- 4 NOEtop4 one-sided tie
- 7 Timber compensation piece



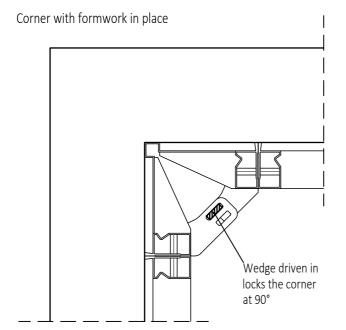
#### 7.3.2 Corner 90° - with NOEtop4 external corner angle

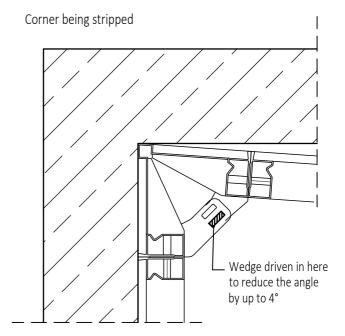




#### 7.4 Corner 90° - stripping internal corners

The angle of the internal corner element can be reduced for stripping formwork.





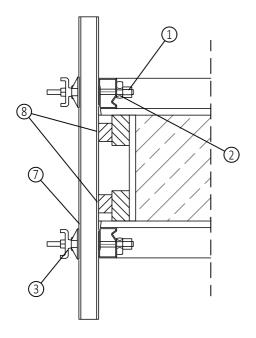


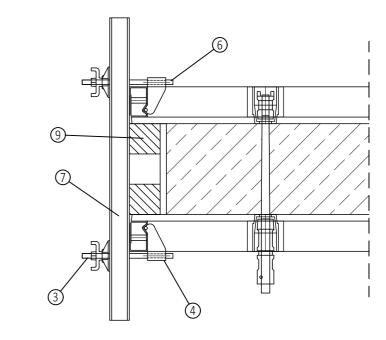
# 8. Stop-end formwork



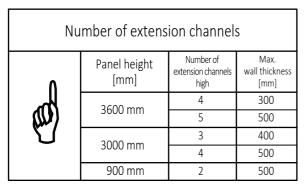
Following panels to be clamped with increased numbers of locks as to take the horizontal forces from the stop-end; this applies particularly to smaller sized panels (see 9 about tension forces at external corners).

 With connection bolts through the transverse holes in the edge profile ◆ With stop-end holder Part No. 164032 at edge profile independent of transverse holes.

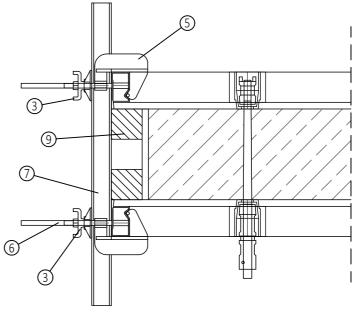




◆ With stop-end holder Part No. 164036 at edge profile independent of transverse holes.



- 1 Connection bolt, Part No. 135019
- 2 Waling plate, Part No. 691500
- 3 Swivel plate with wing nut, Part No. 691700
- 4 Stop-end support 15 kN, Part No. 164032
- 5 Stop-end support 25 kN, Part No. 164036
- 6 Tie rod, Part No. 670300
- 7 Extension channel, Part No. 135208
- 8 Wedge
- 9 Timber dimensions determined on site





# 9. Arrangements to transfer tension forces at stopend forms

Stopend form

2

W

2

Stop-end formwork

Tables for the number of <u>additional</u> connections to transfer tension forces

	No. of	W up to 500 mm
Height mm	connections at normal butt joint	No. of Toplock
3000	3	=
3600	3	=
3900	4	
4500	4	+1
4800	5	+1
5400	5	+2
6000	6	+2
6600	6	+3
7200	6	+3

- 1 Concrete pressure
- 2 Resulting tension force
- 3 NOE Toplock V

Depending on the concrete pressure and wall thickness more locks (or similar devices) than are necessary for panel connection may be required to transfer the tension forces (see table).

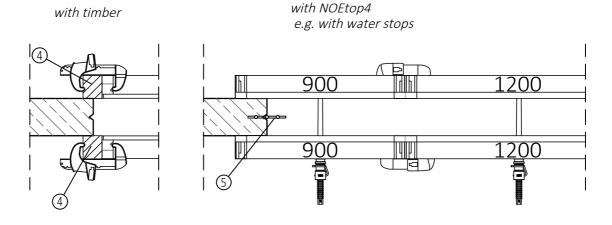
The number of additional connections is given for a concrete pressure of 80 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Instead of providing the additional number of locks, the panels can also be connected together through transverse holes with the appropriate number of bolts. It may be necessary to connect several panels together in this way.

Further connections will be required for larger wall thicknesses or formwork heights.

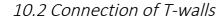
#### 10. Formwork connection solutions

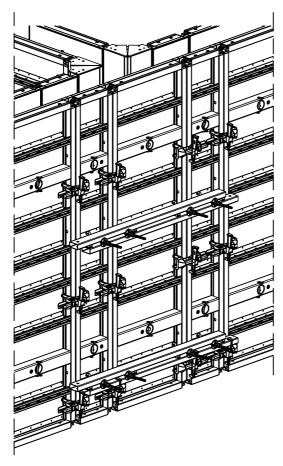
#### 10.1 Connection longitudinal to existing wall

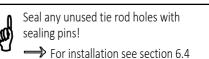
4 Squared timber5 Water stop

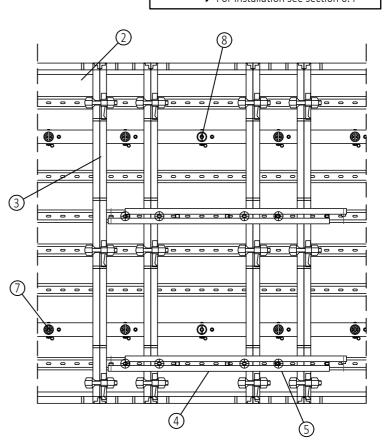




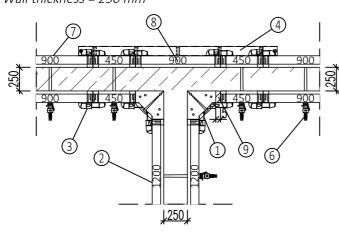








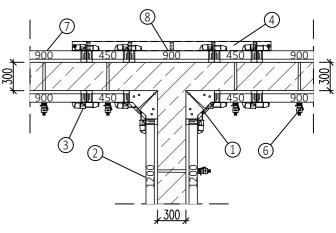
Wall thickness = 250 mm



Number of bracings						
a l	Panel height [mm]	Number of bracings high				
(0)	3600 mm					
	3000 mm					

900 mm

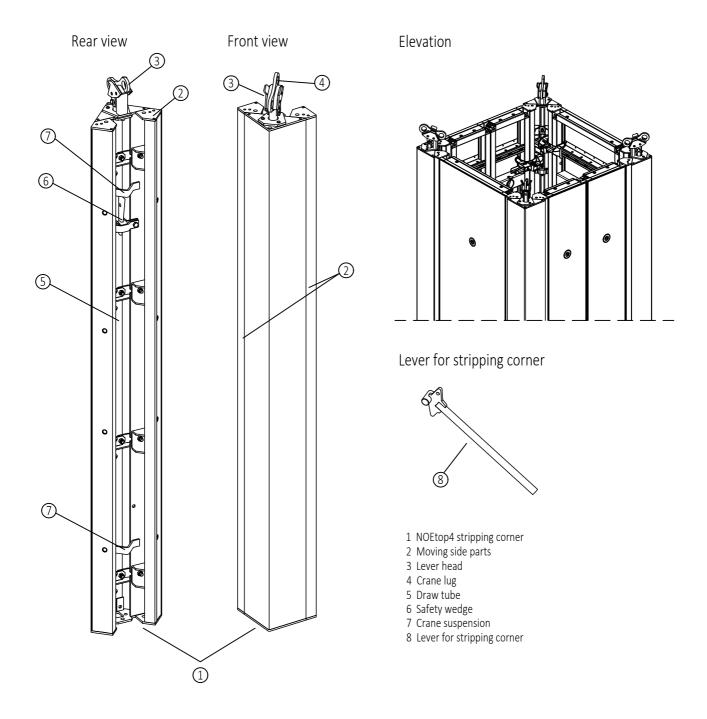
Wall thickness = 300 mm



- 1 NOEtop4 internal corner 300x300 mm
- 2 NOEtop4 panel
- 3 NOE Toplock V, Part No. 137976
- 4 NOEtop4 alignment channel, Part No. 850039
- 5 NOEtop4 tie rod with fixing lug, Part No. 850014
- 6 NOEtop4 one-sided tie
- 7 NOEtop4 fixed bearing, Part No. 850007
- 8 NOEtop4 sealing pin, Part No. 928012
- 9 Timber compensation piece

# NOE

# 10.3 Overview of the NOEtop4 stripping corner



- Sripping corners provide stripping clearance of approx. 40 mm.
- The permissible concrete pressure is 80 kN/m².
- The corner is attached to the formwork with the NOE Toplock or by bolting with M18x160 bolts.





Before using the formwork, read through the assembly and use manual and observe the safety advice given in each chapter at all times!

Everyone who works with the product must receive instruction from a suitably qualified member of the site supervisory staff.



A risk analysis covering all situations on site must be carried out by a responsible person. Components must be free of defects. Therefore visual inspection and/or testing of each component are essential at all stages of the work!

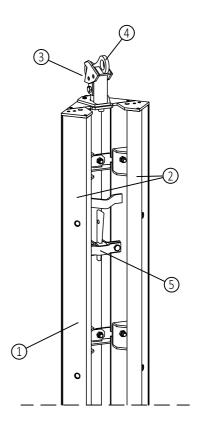
#### 10.3.1 Erecting formwork with stripping corners

◆ When erecting formwork for a shaft or similar features, it is recommended that erection starts with the stripping corner at the corner.

When doing this, it is important to ensure that the stripping corner is in the "erection-ready state", i.e. the moving side parts have been fully folded out. This is done by pressing or pulling the crane lug with the side facing the rear face of the formwork upwards. The simplest way of doing this is by suspending the stripping corner from the crane, e.g. when moving it into the installation position.

Set the safety wedge to ensure the sides cannot be unintentionally folded together.

- ◆ Attach the NOEtop4 panels to one another to suit the plan arrangement then fasten and align them with Toplock V or M18 x 160 bolts. Extend the formwork if necessary.
  - Apply release agent to the front and back formwork faces in accordance with the formwork preparation instructions.
- ◆ Fix reinforcement. Attach the outside face formwork coated with release agent and install ties (seal any surplus tie rod holes with sealing pins).



- 1 NOEtop4 stripping corner
- 2 Moving side parts
- 3 Lever head
- 4 Crane lug
- 5 Safety wedge



Taping the joints between the fixed core and the moving side parts of the stripping corner with self-adhesive tape is recommended to reduce the build up of dirt and the need for cleaning. It also results in a clean, flat concrete surface.

# NOEtop4 Formwork



#### 10.3.2 Concreting

- ◆ Before concreting, check that the shoes are fully moved out and the safety wedge has been struck home.
- ◆ Check the construction of the NOEtop4 formwork in accordance with the NOEtop4 assembly and use instructions.
- ◆ Do not exceed the permissible pressure during concreting (DIN 18218 'Pressure of fresh concrete on vertical formwork'), i.e. pay attention to the rate of rise of the concrete.

For 1-sided ties Ø20 mm	-	permissible concrete pressure 80 kN/m²
For 2-sided ties Ø20 mm	-	permissible concrete pressure 80 kN/m²

◆ If using internal vibrators refer to DIN 4235 Part 2 "Compaction of concrete by internal vibrators".

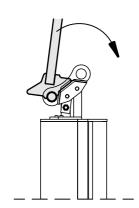
### 10.3.3 Stripping the formwork

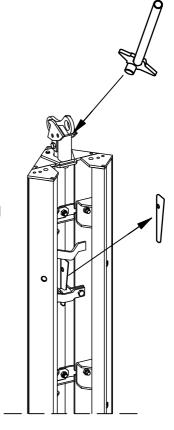
◆ First remove the anchors and strip the external formwork.



Before stripping check:

- Minimum stripping time!
- Concrete compressive strength!
- ◆ Remove the safety wedges from the stripping corners.
- ◆ Insert the lever into each of the crane lugs of the lever head in turn, press or pull in the direction of the back of the formwork and bring the stripping corners evenly and in incremental stages into the stripping setting.





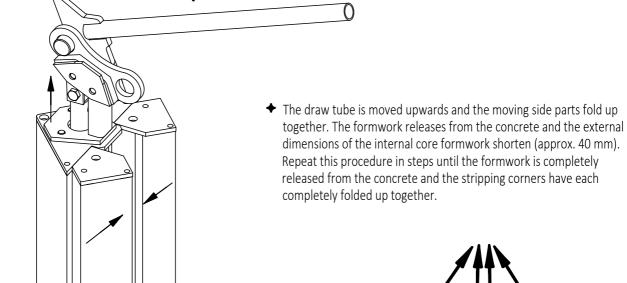
Shown without attached NOEtop4 panels.



Do not attach the formwork to the crane, do not lift it until the formwork has been completely released from the concrete and the stripping corners have been completely folded together.

DO NOT USE THE CRANE TO RELEASE THE FORMWORK FROM THE CONCRETE! Check again that all the tie rods and anchors have been removed before lifting with the crane.



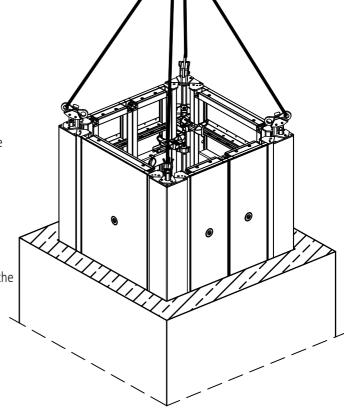


◆ After the formwork is completely released from the concrete, the 4 stripping corners can be attached to the crane's lifting tackle and the complete inner formwork unit moved in a single lift to the next point of use or for cleaning.

Shown without attached NOEtop4 panels.

Attach the lifting tackle to the upper eye of the crane lug (the one that points towards the front face of the formwork), note that pulling the wrong eye will fold the stripping corners out again.

Ensure that there no loose objects, e.g. the lever, are on or in the formwork.



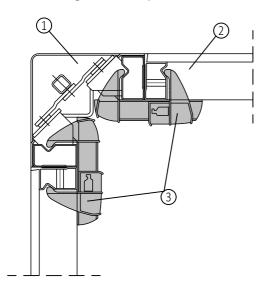


Permissible tensile force applied at the crane lug per stripping corner: 1000 kg (Only 3 of the crane lugs can be assumed to be loadbearing at any one time!)

Do not exceed the load capacity of the crane.

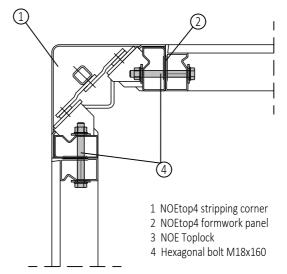
# NOE

# 10.3.4 Attaching to NOEtop4 formwork elements



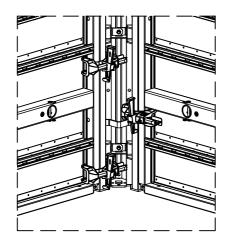
The stripping corner is clamped to the NOEtop4 frame panel with the NOE Toplock.

	Numbers of Top	olock V/X
n	Panel height [mm]	Number
(On	3600 mm	4
	3000 mm	4
	900 mm	1



Alternatively the stripping corner can be bolted to the NOEtop4 frame panel. M18 x 160 bolts are used for this.

Number of threaded connections						
	Panel height [mm]	Number				
	3600 mm	4				
	3000 mm	4				
	900 mm	2				



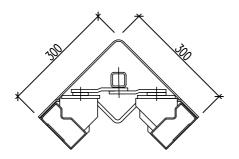
ATTENTION: NOE Toplock must be attached at staggered heights!

# NOE

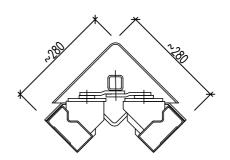
# 10.3.5 Stripping and erection settings of the stripping corner

The stripping clearance of the stripping corner is approx. 20 mm.

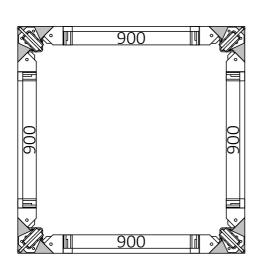
◆ Cross-section Stripping corner in erection setting



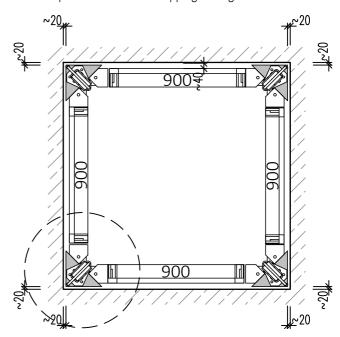
◆ Cross-section Stripping corner in stripping setting

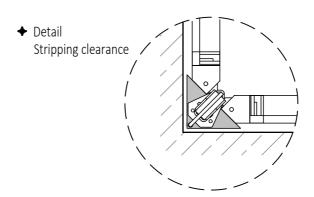


Example of formwork in erection setting



Example of formwork in stripping setting





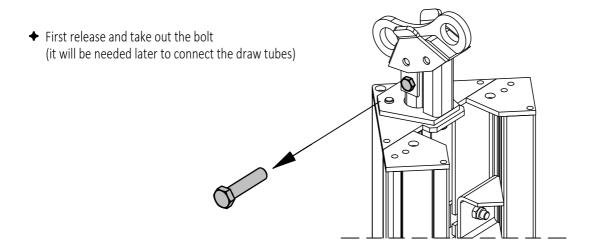
# NOEtop4 Formwork



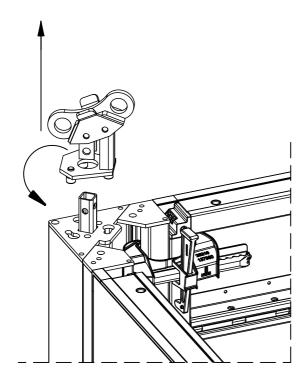
#### 10.3.6 Extending stripping corners

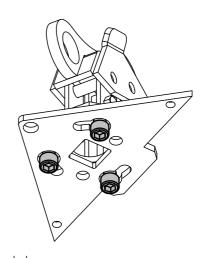
First erect the lower formwork elements in the specified plan shape as described above.

Then the lever head must be removed to allow the stripping corners to be extended. The lever head is fitted with a bayonet connector and is secured with a bolt.



◆ Turn the head approximately 30° anticlockwise to release it.
Then the locking pin heads can be guided out of the large holes in the plate and the head removed.

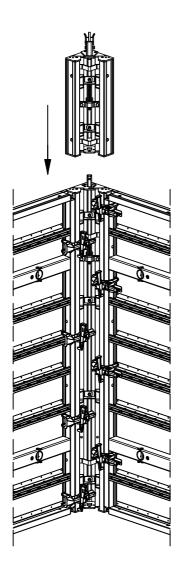


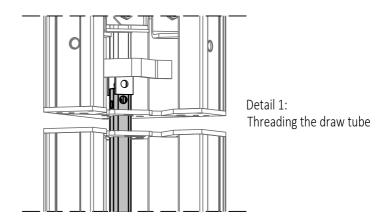


<u>View from below:</u> Cover plate and lever head with bayonet lock ("bayonet lock")

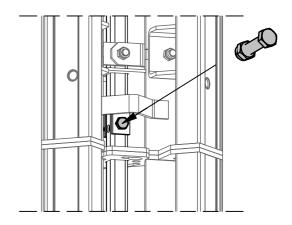


◆ Installing the extension element. The draw tube on the lower stripping corner is threaded through rectangular opening in the base plate and then connected and secured with a bolt.





Detail 2: M16x70 bolt at the connection



◆ Connect the extension element of the NOEtop4 frame panel to the stripping corner and secure them together with NOE Toplock.

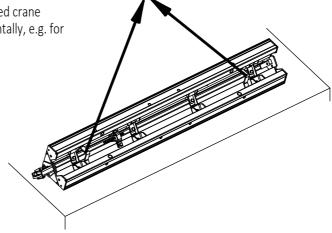


If the stripping corners are to be extended in advance of installation, e.g. formwork preassembled on its side, then the roughly butted base and cover plates of the corners must be bolted together with 2 M16x40 bolts! The corners must be in the erection setting in order to be able to remove the lever head.

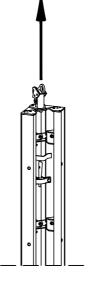
# NOE

#### 10.3.7 Crane transport

◆ The corner can be suspended from the 2 integrated crane bows for transporting the stripping corner horizontally, e.g. for loading or unloading.



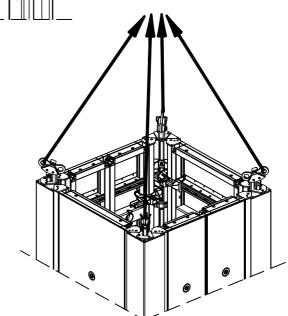
◆ The crane hooks can be engaged into the crane lugs of the lever head for transporting vertically. This also results in the stripping corners being brought into the erection setting simultaneously. They each still have to be secured with the wedge.



◆ After the formwork has been released from the concrete, the NOEtop4 stripping corners are suspended from the crane lugs and the complete formwork moved in a single lift.

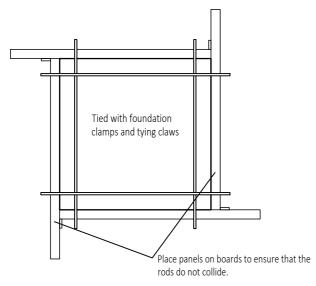
#### Attention:

Suspend the formwork from the crane lugs pointing to the formwork lining side. Otherwise the formwork will be separated again.

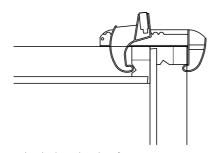


# 11. Use as foundation formwork

## Pad foundation with side-on panels

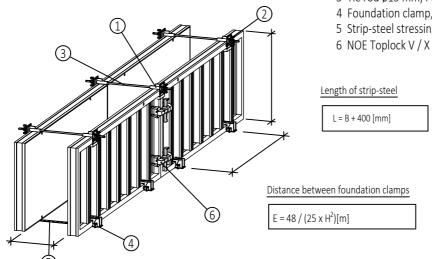


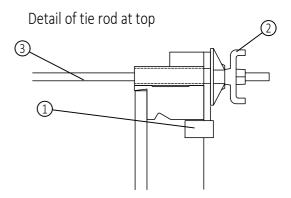
#### Example of panel corner connection Butt corner joint with Toplock X



Attach 3 locks at height of 1200 mm.

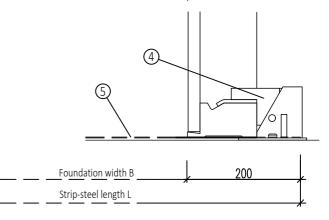
# Strip foundations with side-on panels





Tying can also be done using multi-claws.

#### Detail with tie at bottom Tie with foundation clamp





Foundation formwork to be supported push pull safe on

- 1 Tying claw, Part No. 137500
- 2 Wingnut w. plate, Part No. 691700
- 3 Tie rod ø15 mm, Part No. 67.....
- 4 Foundation clamp, Part No. 137297
- 5 Strip-steel stressing device, Part No. 108031

Cut to length at a hole centre!

Holes 50 mm c/c

Permissible tension force 16 kN.

for H = 0.8 m E = 3.00 m for H = 1.0 m E = 1.92 m for H = 1.3 m E = 1.13 m Min. 2 clamps per panel.



12. Crane transport, working scaffolds and stabilizers

# 12.1 Using cranes to transport panels

#### 12.1.1 Crane transport general advice

When using crane hooks, lifting pins and transport hangers:

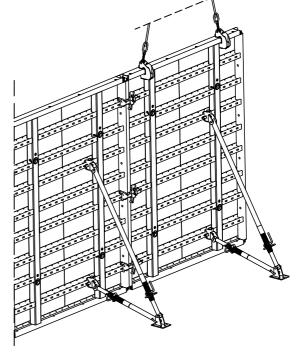
- Observe the relevant operating instructions!
- Check the condition of the transport equipment before each use!
- Check that the load is correctly seated and the transport equipment is secured before each lift!



#### Moving panels:

(refer to Assembly instructions 3.2.2)

- 1. Attach the crane hook to the formwork and lightly tension the crane rope.
- 2. Remove connections to other formwork elements and release the stabilizers from the ground.
- 3 Lift the formwork with the crane.
- 4. Do not release the crane hook until after the formwork has been set down and secured against overturning

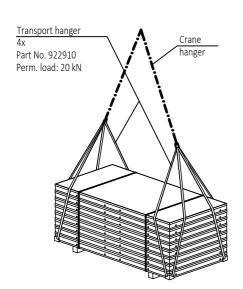


(see 1.2).



Observe the lifting equipment regulations during transport operations using the crane, erecting panels and installing of working places!

#### 12.1.2 Transporting several panels in a stack using 4x transport hangers





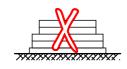
Transporting panel stacks is only allowed using 4x transport hangers.

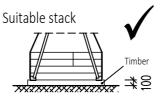
Permissible stack weight: 2000 kg!

#### Requirements for use:

- Form the stack with elements of the same width that fit neatly over one another.
- The upper layers may contain combinations of smaller width panels if no gaps occur between the elements and each element is held in place by at least 2 round slings.
- The bottom layer in the stack must always be composed of one element.
- Stack height max. 1.25 m, i.e. 10 NOEtop panels, assuming that the load capacity is not exceeded.
- Use a 2 strap hanger, for element widths in excess of 2.0 m use a 4-strap hanger.

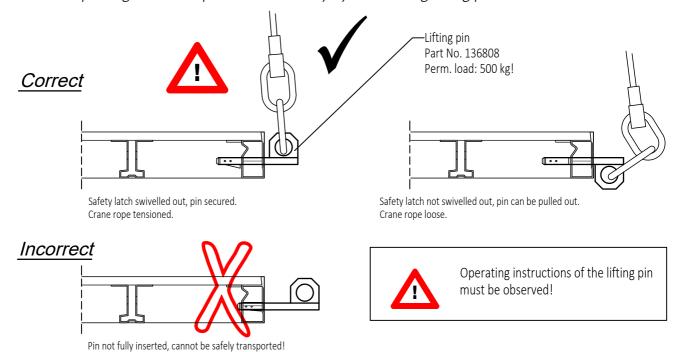
#### Unsuitable stack



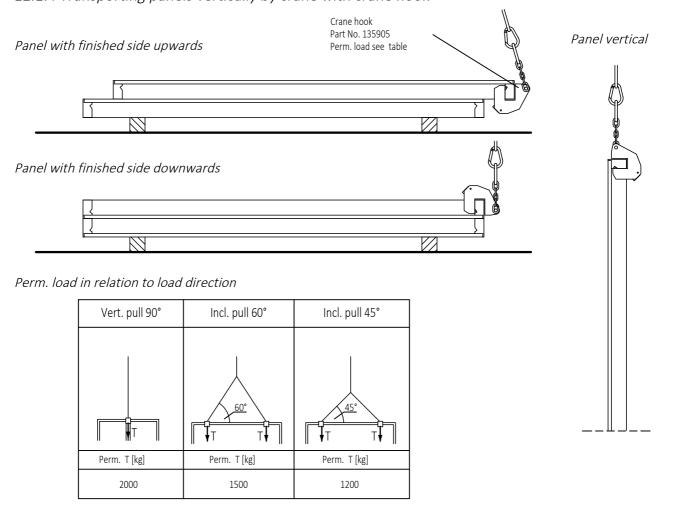




# 12.1.3 Transporting individual panels horizontally by crane using lifting pins

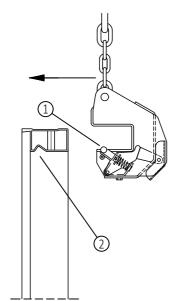


### 12.1.4 Transporting panels vertically by crane with crane hook



# NOE

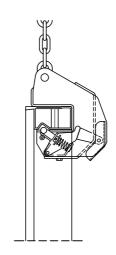
# 12.1.5 Attaching the crane hook





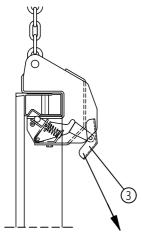
Observe the requirements of the crane hook operating instructions.

Push the crane hook with some force over the edge profile of the panel until it meets the stop. The safety pin is pushed downwards and inwards by this action and springs up and out again automatically in the area of the nib and secures the crane hook.

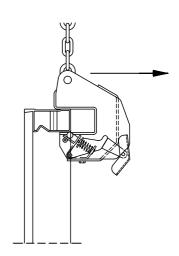


- 1 Safety pin
- 2 Nib
- 3 Release lever

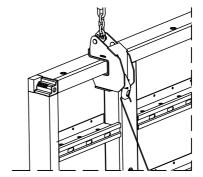
### 12.1.6 Detaching the crane hook



Pull the release lever downwards at the angle shown by the arrow. The safety pin is pressed in and the crane hook can now be released from the panel.

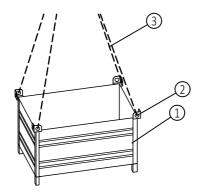


To release the crane hook whilst standing on the ground, insert a bent piece of wire into the hole in the release lever and pull it.



# NOE

#### 12.1.7 Transporting small items with NOE box



NOE boxes are intended for the safe transport of small items (element connections, tie rod accessories etc.).

Alternatively you can use robust bags.

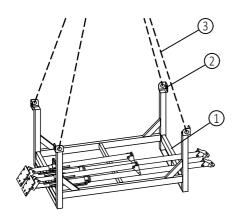


Transport small items in secure bundles e.g. in NOE boxes. Max. total weight per box: 20 kN (2000 kg)!

- 1 NOE Box Part No. 697598
- 2 Eyes for attaching to crane hooks
- 3 Sling ropes from crane

Long accessories such as bundles of bracing or platform brackets must be secured with steel bands or be loaded and unloaded safely by other methods e.g. on pallets for slab props (see 15.1.8).

#### 12.1.8 Transporting stabilizers and the like with NOE pallets



In order to transport, load and unload long accessories safely (stabilizers, bracing, etc.) they should be stacked on NOE pallets or bundled.

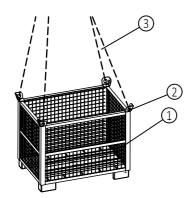


Bundle long accessories for safe transport e.g. in NOE pallets.

Max. load per pallet: 16.5 kN (1650 kg)!

- 1 NOE pallet Part No. 697599
- 2 Eyes for attaching to crane hooks
- 3 Sling ropes from crane

#### 12.1.9 Transporting parts with NOEcase



- 1 NOEcase, Part No. 697591
- 2 Eyes for attaching to crane hook
- 3 Sling ropes from crane



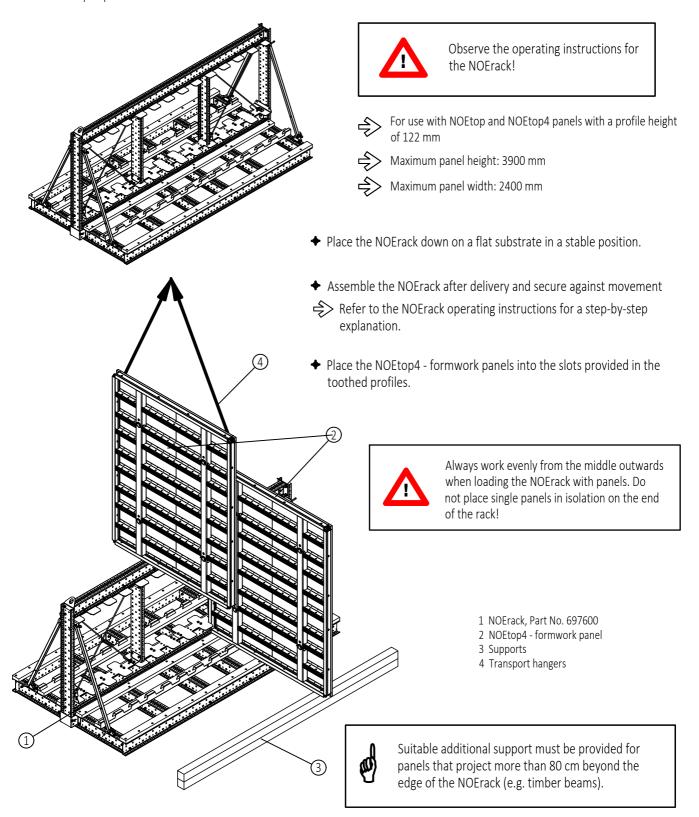
Max. load: 1000 kg!



### 12.2 Transport restraint and storage of formwork panels

#### 12.2.1 Storage with NOErack

For safe, space-saving and facing-protective storage on site. Assemble the NOErack - panel rack after delivery to site and insert the NOEtop4 - panel elements.



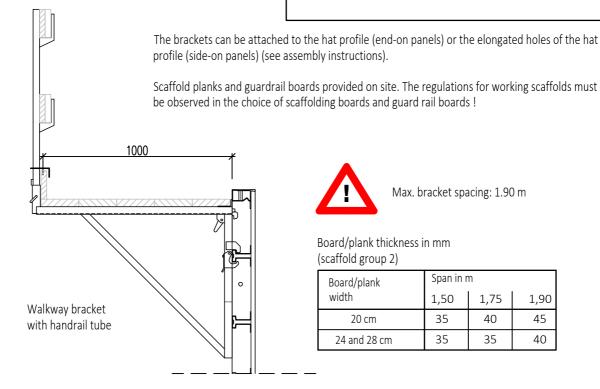


#### 12.3 NOEtop walkway brackets

Working scaffold in acc. with DIN EN 12811-1 Scaffold class 2 - max. 150 kg/m<sup>2</sup> uniformly distributed Max. effective width 1.90 m per bracket



If walkway brackets are to be used, the formwork must be structurally stable, e.g. stabilizers attached to this side of the panels.



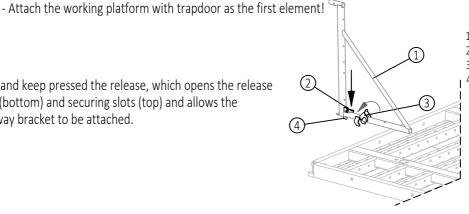
#### 12.3.1 Assembly instructions for walkway brackets with railings and planking

- ◆ Check the following before the walkway brackets are attached:
  - The supporting formwork construction must be structurally stable.
  - The spacing of the brackets complies with DIN EN 12811-1 Working scaffolds
    - ⇒ max. 1.90 m effective width per bracket
  - Position of the walkway brackets
    - ... In the upper hat profile

walkway bracket to be attached.

- ⇒ Fit front scaffold board only after erection of the formwork to allow the crane hook to be attached
- ... To provide safety against falling at heights > 2.00 m
  - ⇒ attach walkway brackets correspondingly lower

◆ Press and keep pressed the release, which opens the release lever (bottom) and securing slots (top) and allows the

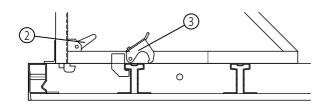


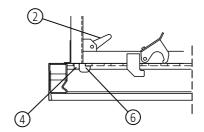
- 1 Walkway bracket
- 3 Release lever (bottom)
- 4 Securing slots (top)



- ◆ On to a horizontal hat profile:
  - Introduce the bottom hook of the bracket into the groove on the hat profile. Let go of the release and the release lever (bottom) closes automatically. The brackets may be attached in any position on the hat profile.
- ◆ On to a vertical hat profile:

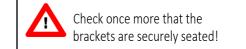
The top hook of the bracket is introduced into the elongated hole in the hat profile. Let go of the release and the securing slide (top) moves forward and wedges the hook into the elongated hole.





- Insert the handrail tube into the bracket and secure with plug
  - 1 Walkway bracket
  - 2 Release
  - 3 Release lever (bottom)
  - 4 Securing slide (top)
  - 5 Bottom hook
  - 6 Top hook
  - 7 Handrail tube
  - 8 Plug

7



Attaching planking and railings



#### Attach the crane hook in the edge profile:

If the walkway bracket is attached to the top of the panel, the front scaffold board can only be installed after the panel is structurally stable and the crane hook has been detached.

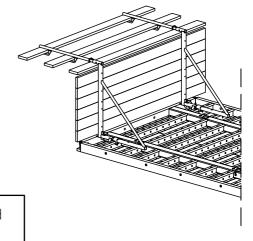
Attach guardrail boards and toeboard



Before each first use must be checked that the scaffold is attached correctly to the edge profile an that the safety catch is locked (see 15.3)

Dismantling the walkway bracket

To dismantle, lay the formwork elements with complete scaffolding unit down and take off the individual components from that position. This is carried out in the reverse order to the assembly.

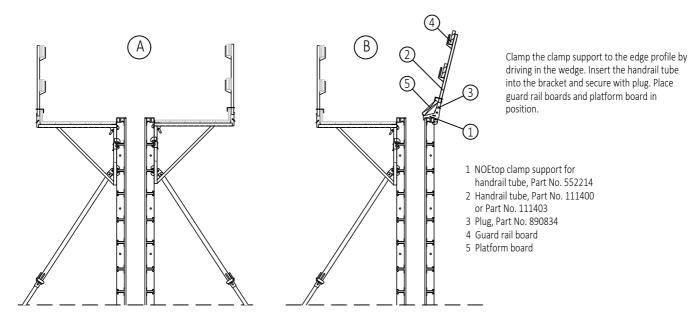


# NOE

#### 12.4 NOEtop fall protection

From a formwork height of 2.00 m there must be fall protection measures on both sides, i.e.

- a) the second side also has a walkway bracket attached or
- b) a railing is attached to the second face formwork.



# 12.5 Stabilizers up to 5000 mm

Prop push-pull 2770-5000 mm

Part No. 697028 Weight 25,7 kg perm. load capacity 29,7 - 6,8 kN

Prop push-pull 2100 - 3650 mm

Part No. 697027 Weight 19.1 kg perm load capacity 29.7 - 12.8 kN

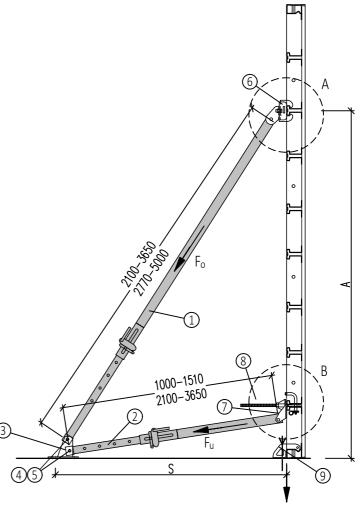
Prop push-pull 1000-1510 mm

Part No. 697026 Weight 9.4 kg perm. load capacity 29.7 kN

The props can be attached with the stabilizer adapter or with the hinge end joint and hammer-head bolt.

- 1 Prop push-pull top
- 2 Prop push-pull bottom
- 3 Bottom support, Part No. 697014
- 4 L-pin D16, Part No. 697010
- 5 Spring pin, Part No. 913304
- 6 Stabilizer connector, Part No. 697032
- 7 End swivel joint, Part No. 697012
- 8 Hammer-head bolt with handle, Part No. 319338
- 9 Uplift safety device

The supporting plates, connections, pins and spring pins are not included in the scope of supply of the props.



# NOEtop4 Formwork

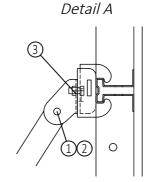


#### Attaching with stabilizer adapter

Attaching to cross-profile on end-on and side-on panels.

The stabilizer connector can be simply suspended on the horizontal profile and fixed with the wedge.

In the case of attachment with a stabilizer connector, the maximum force transmitted into the hat profile must be limited to 15 kN.

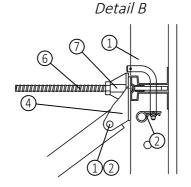




#### Heavy duty attachment with tie rod with fixing lug

Attaching in the elongated hole of the hat profile by a tie rod with fixing lug and tie rod - sprint nut + L-pin and spring pin for end-on and side-on panels.

In the case of attachment with a tie rod with fixing lug, the maximum force transmitted into the hat profile must be limited to 20 kN.

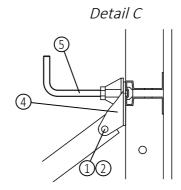




#### Attaching with hammer-head bolt

Attached to the elongated hole of the hat profile by hammer-head bolt with handle and integral sprint for end-on and side-on panels.

When the fastening with the hammerhead bolt is below approx. 60° no more than a max. 8 kN may be transferred into the hat profile.

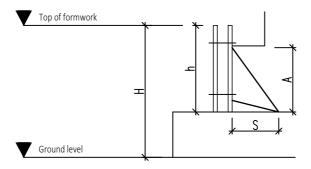


- 1 L-pin D16, Part No. 697010
- 2 Spring pin, Part No. 913304
- 3 Stabilizer connector, Part No. 697032
- 4 End swivel joint, Part No. 697012
- 5 Hammer-head bolt with handle, Part No. 319338
- 6 Tie rod with fixing lug, Part No. 850014
- 7 Tie rod Sprint nut, Part No. 680580

# NOEtop4 Formwork



Schematic diagram



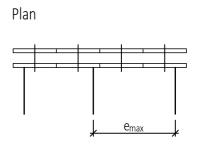


Table for effective widths and loads for attachment by stabilizer adapter

Panel Part Propping height h number of top height A			Distance S		Ü	oove ground o 7 m			U	oove ground 25 m	1
[m]	strut	[m]	[m]	e <sub>max</sub>	$e_{max}$ Loads at $e_{max}$ $F_A$		$F_A$	e <sub>max</sub>	Loads at e <sub>max</sub>		F <sub>A</sub>
[]		[]		[m]	F <sub>o</sub> [kN]	F <sub>u</sub> [kN]	[kN/m]	[m]	F <sub>o</sub> [kN]	F <sub>u</sub> [kN]	[kN/m]
3,00	697027	2,00	1,18	2,40	6,2	1,4	1,9	2,40	9,9	2,3	5,4
3,60	697027	2,65	1,55	2,40	6,8	2,1	1,8	2,40	10,8	3,3	5,5
3,90	697028	2,90	2,30	2,40	6,0	2,2	0,0	2,40	9,5	3,5	3,0
4,50	697028	3,55	2,30	2,40	7,5	2,8	0,9	2,30	11,4	4,3	4,7
4,80	697028	3,55	2,30	2,40	8,6	2,6	1,4	2,00	11,4	3,5	4,9
5,40	697133	4,15	3,25	2,40	8,2	3,1	0,0	2,40	13,1	5,0	3,9
6,00	697133	4,35	3,25	2,40	10,1	3,1	0,7	2,25	15,0	4,6	5,3
6,60	697133	5,25	3,05	2,40	12,0	4,0	2,5	1,90	15,1	5,0	6,9
7,20	697133	5,55	3,20	2,40	13,7	4,1	3,1	1,65	14,9	4,5	7,1

#### Table for effective widths and loads for attachment by hinge end joint and hammer-head bolt

Panel height h	Part number of top		l l)istance			Height H above ground up to 7 m			Height H above ground up to 25 m			
[m]	strut	[m]	[m]	[m] e <sub>max</sub> Loa		$F_A$ Loads at $e_{max}$		e <sub>max</sub>	Loads at e <sub>r</sub>	nax	F <sub>A</sub>	
[]		[111]	. ,	[m]	F <sub>o</sub> [kN]	F <sub>u</sub> [kN]	[kN/m]	[m]	F <sub>o</sub> [kN]	F <sub>u</sub> [kN]	[kN/m]	
3,00	697027	2,00	1,18	2,40	6,2	1,4	1,9	1,9	7,9	1,8	4,2	
3,60	697027	2,65	1,55	2,40	6,8	2,1	1,7	1,75	7,9	2,4	4,0	
3,90	697028	2,90	2,30	2,40	6,0	2,2	0,0	2,00	7,9	3,0	2,5	
4,50	697028	3,55	2,30	2,40	7,5	2,8	0,9	1,60	7,9	3,0	3,2	
4,80	697028	3,55	2,30	2,20	7,9	2,4	1,3	1,40	8,0	2,5	3,5	
5,40	697133	4,15	3,25	2,30	7,9	3,0	0,0	1,45	7,9	3,0	2,4	
6,00	697133	4,35	3,25	1,90	8,0	2,4	0,6	1,20	8,0	2,5	2,8	
6,60	697133	5,25	3,05	1,60	8,0	2,7	1,6	1,00	7,9	2,7	3,7	
7,20	697133	5,55	3,20	1,40	8,0	2,4	1,8	0,85	7,7	2,3	3,7	

The values in the table apply for wind loads

in acc. with DIN 1055-4:2005-3,

inland, wind zone 2, intermediate zone (Zone B), I/h=5

Pressure coefficient 1.8 Solidity 1.0

Reduction factor 0.6 (service life up to 12 months)

Propping height bottom strut: 0,35 m Angle of stabilizer: approx. 60°

Maximum effective width per stabilizer: e<sub>max</sub>!!

In the edge area of the fomwork (Zone A, free formwork end or beginning) the maximum effective width of the stabilizers must be halved.

For the calculation of the anchored load  $F_{\rm A}$  the formwork weight of the NOEtop formwork was taken as

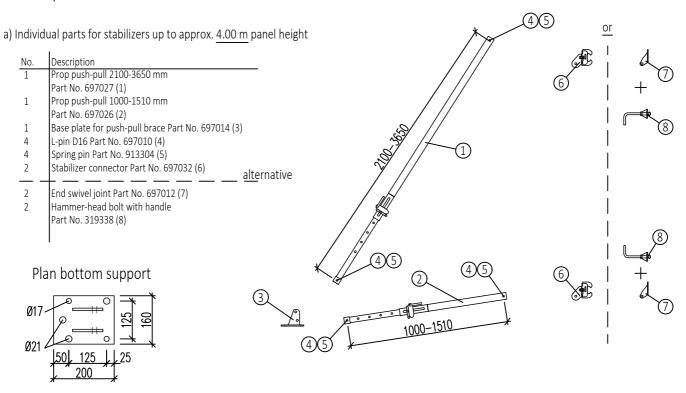
 $80 \text{ kg/m}^2$ . In addition the listed values contain the partial safety factor 1.5 for the overall stability (DIN 1055-100).

All the given values are characteristic values.

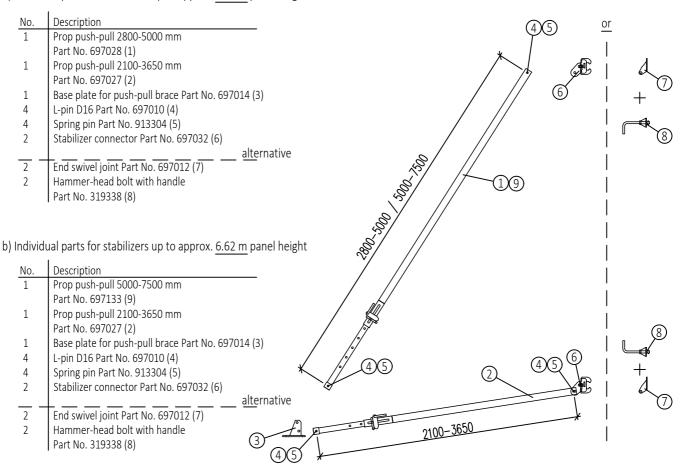
# NOEtop4 Formwork



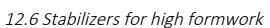
#### Assembly



b) Individual parts for stabilizers up to approx. 5.30 m panel height



# NOEtop4 Formwork



NOE stabilizer 6400 - 10300 mm

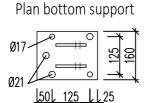


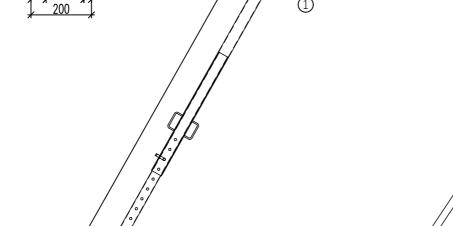
#### ATTENTION:

The strut and the anchors of supporting plate, as well as and the formwork construction are subject to structural analysis.

- 1 Stabilizer 6400-10300 mm
- Part No. 697036
- 2 Base plate for push-pull brace Part No. 697014
- 3 L-pin D16 Part No. 697010
- 4 Spring pin Part No. 913304
- 5 Stabilizer connector Part No. 697032
- 6 End swivel joint Part No. 697012
- 7 Hammer-head bolt with handle Part No. 319338
- 8 NOEtop Fixation claw Part No. 136701

The props can be attached with the stabilizer adapter or with the hinge end joint and hammer-head bolt or tie rod with fixing lug.







alternative

alternative

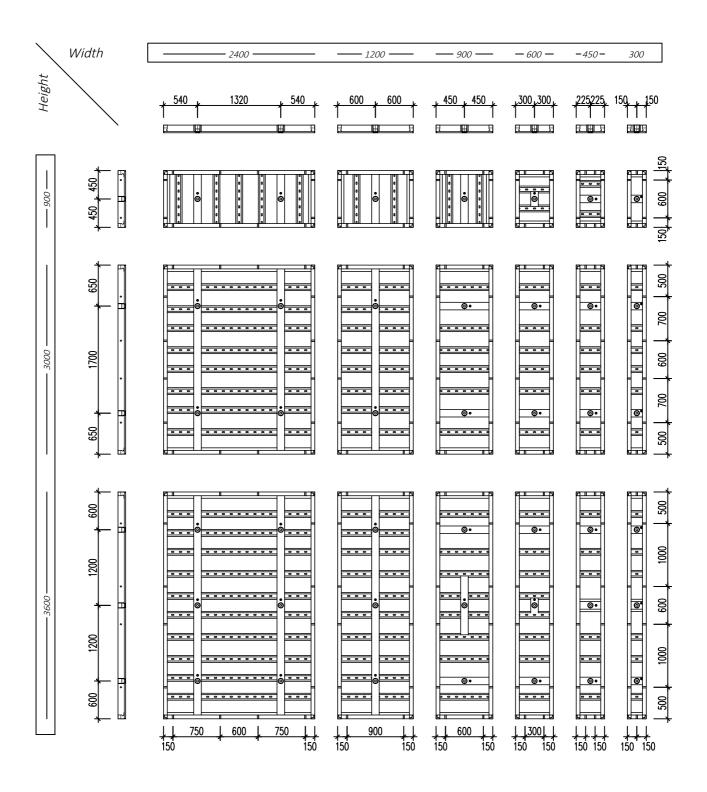
alternative



# 13. Individual parts of NOEtop4 formwork

# 13.1 NOEtop4 panels

13.1.1 Overview of formwork elements

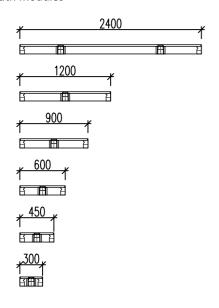




165128

165130

#### Width modules



450

300

1,62

1,08

#### Panel elements Height 3600 mm Panel faced Panel faced with NOEform (timber) NOEecopan (plastic) Weight Part No. Width Height Panel area Part No. Weight kg mm $m^2$ kg mm 598,90 165020 586,83 165120 2400 8,64 1200 4,32 328,25 165022 322,34 165122 900 3600 3,24 250,69 165024 246,43 165124 600 2,16 178,07 165026 175,36 165126 146,74 144,84

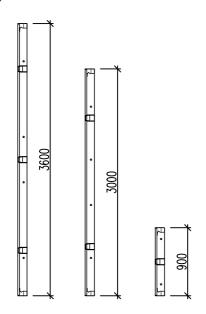
116,29

165028

165030

115,24

# Height modules



#### Panel elements Height 3000 mm Panel faced Panel faced with NOEform (timber) NOEecopan (plastic) Width Height Weight Weight Panel area Part No. Part No. kg kg $m^2$ mm 2400 7,20 499,87 165040 489,66 165140 1200 3,60 273,92 165042 268,98 165142 165044 3000 192,45 165144 900 2,70 196,00 600 1,80 146,21 165046 143,97 165146 450 1,35 121,03 165048 119,44 165148 0,90 96,06 95,13 300 165050 165150

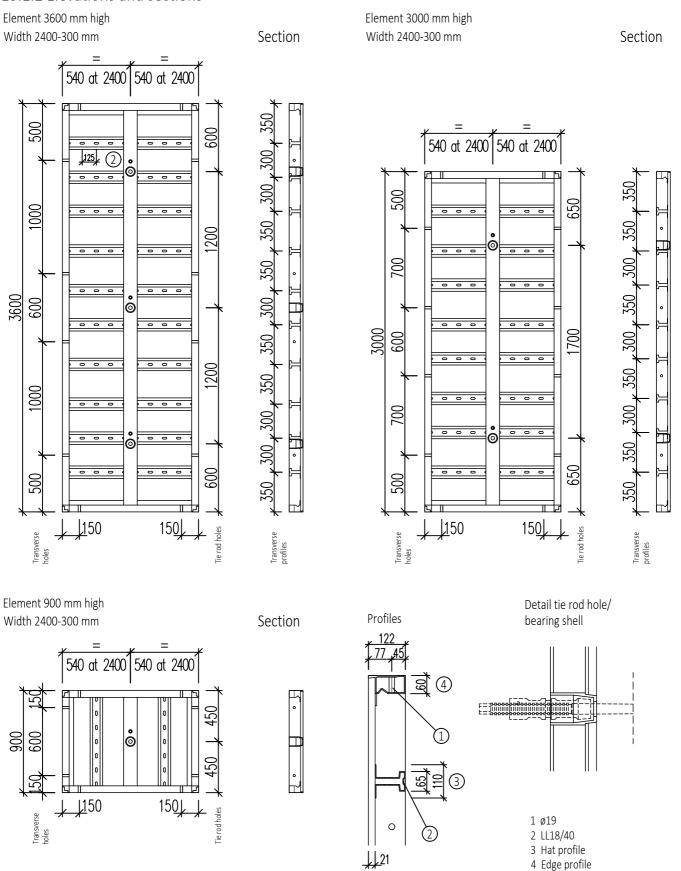
#### Panel elements Height 900 mm Panel faced Panel faced with NOEecopan (plastic) NOEform (timber) Width Height Weight Weight Part No. Panel area Part No.

mm	mm	m²	kg		kg	
240	0	2,16	169,86	165060	167,01	165160
120	0	1,08	90,56	165062	89,21	165162
90	0 900	0,81	80,80	165064	79,79	165164
60	0	0,54	51,66	165066	51,00	165166
45	0	0,40	46,05	165068	45,62	165168
30	0	0,27	31,87	165070	31,66	165170

# NOEtop4 Formwork

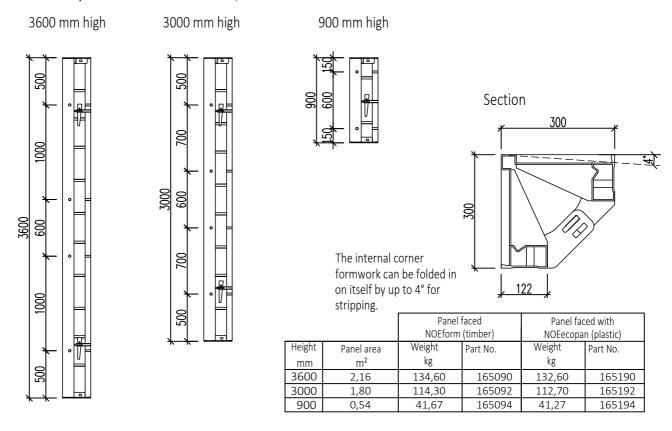


#### 13.1.2 Elevations and sections



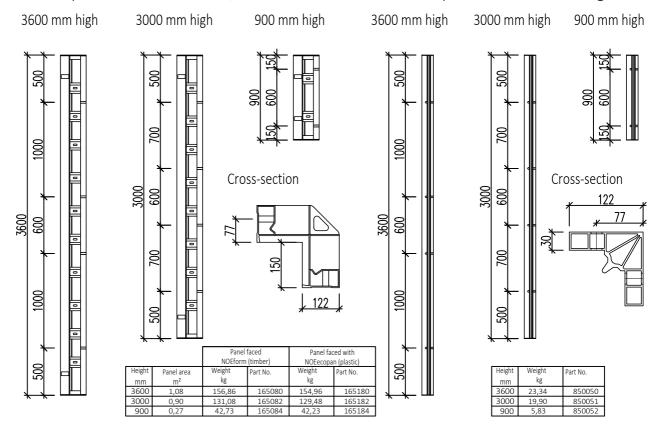


# 13.2 NOEtop4 internal corner IC, 300x300 mm



# 13.3 NOEtop4 external corner EC, 150x150 mm

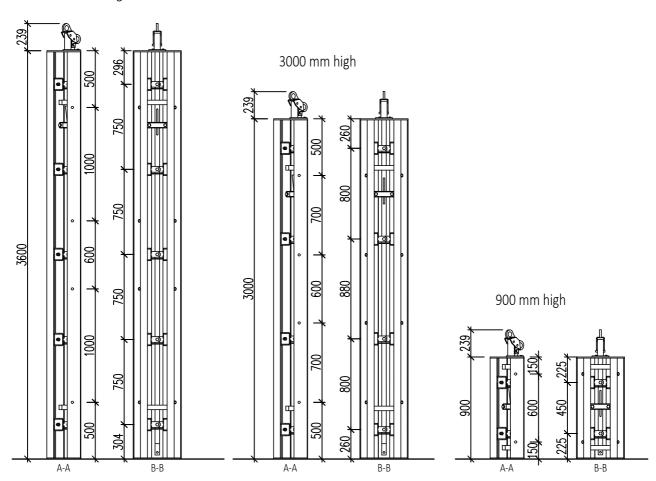
# 13.4 NOEtop4 external corner angle ECA





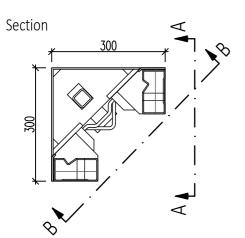
# 13.5 NOEtop4 stripping corner 300x300 mm Stripping clearance approx. 20 mm each side

3600 mm high



Section (folded up)

~280





Lever f. NOEtop stripping corner Part No. 398202 Weight 3.9 kg

M18x160 bolt Part No. 318900

M16x40 bolt Part No. 313400

# NOEtop4 Formwork

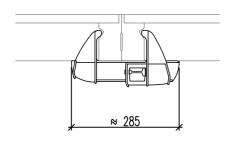
#### 13.6 Connections

### **NOE Toplock**

For panel connections and longitudinal compensations up to 42 mm

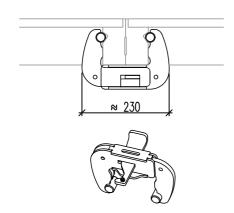
Part No. 137976 Weight 3.7 kg

Perm. Tension force 15 kN



# NOE Easylock

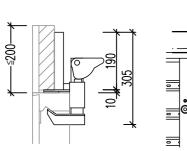
For panel connections Part No. 137950 Weight 3.44 kg Permissible tensile load 15 kN

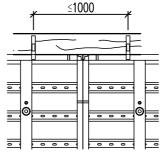


#### Extension clamp

For extending panels by 200 mm

Part No. 137850 Weight 3.2 kg





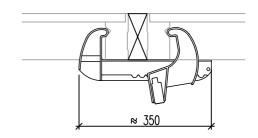


# NOE Toplock X

For panel connections and longitudinal compensations up to 100 mm

Part No. 137960 Weight 4.3 kg

Perm. Tension force 20 kN



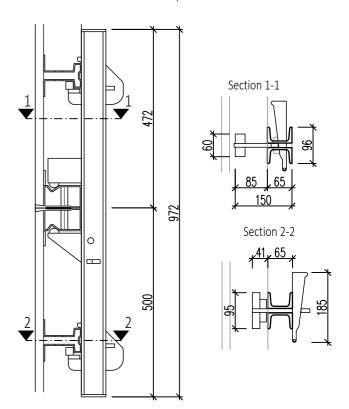
For panel connections and longitudinal compensations up to 100 mm can also be used Toplock H, part no. 137970, instead of Toplock X.

#### Alignment clamp

For extensions of end-on and side-on panels

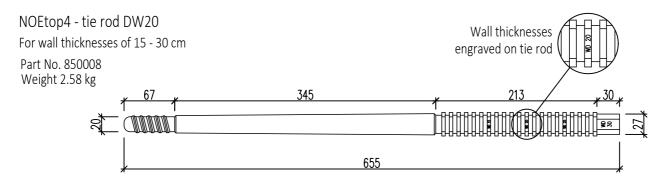
Part No. 135309 Weight 19.9 kg

Elevation A: Extensions of end-on panels



#### 13.7 Tie rod fittings

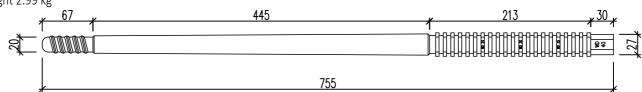
NOEtop4 - one-sided ties (permissible tensile force in acc. with DIN 18216: 150 kN)



#### NOEtop4 - tie rod DW20

For wall thicknesses of 25 - 40 cm

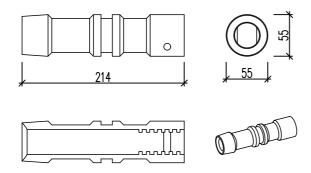
Part No. 850009 Weight 2.99 kg



#### NOEtop4 - adjuster nut

For second-face formwork

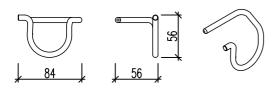
Part No. 850006 Weight 1.8 kg



## NOEtop4 - adjuster nut-locking clip

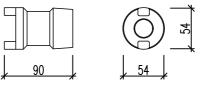
For second-face formwork

Part No. 850013 Weight 0.075 kg



#### NOEtop4 - fixed bearing

For first-face formwork Part No. 850007 Weight 0.9 kg



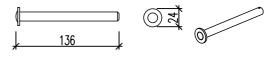




## NOEtop4 - fixed bearing-securing pin

For first-face formwork Part No. 850012

Weight 0.13 kg



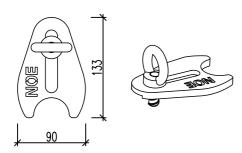
Secure with: 1x spring pin 3 mm, Part No. 913303

# NOEtop4 Formwork



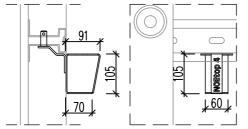
NOEtop4 - distance preserver

Part No. 850011 Weight 0.7 kg



NOEtop4 - Spannstabhalter

Teil-Nr. 850015 Gewicht 0,53 kg





Sicherung mit:

1x Klappstecker, Teil-Nr. 913320

NOEtop4 - Montageschlüssel

Teil-Nr. 390360 Gewicht 3,00 kg

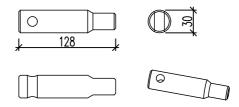


Stecknuss SW 24-3/4 Teil-Nr. 390361



#### NOEtop4 - sealing pin

Part No. 928012 Weight 0.59 kg

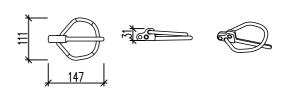


#### Sicherung mit:

1x Sicherungsbolzen, Teil-Nr. 850012 1x Federstecker 3 mm, Teil-Nr. 913303

#### Klappstecker 4,5 mm

Teil-Nr. 913320 Gewicht 0,01 kg



zur Sicherung des NOEtop4 - Spannstabhalters

NOEtop4 - tie rod hole seal

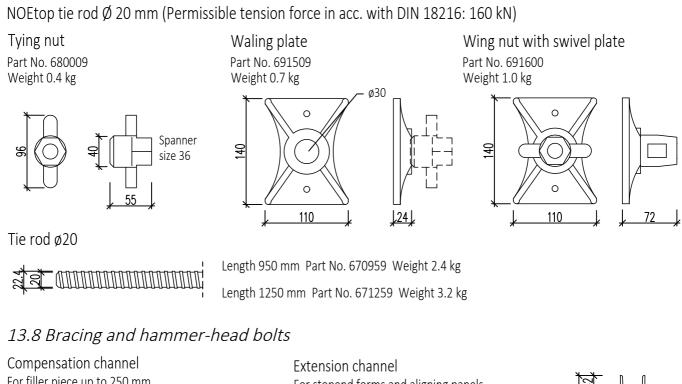
Part No. 850005

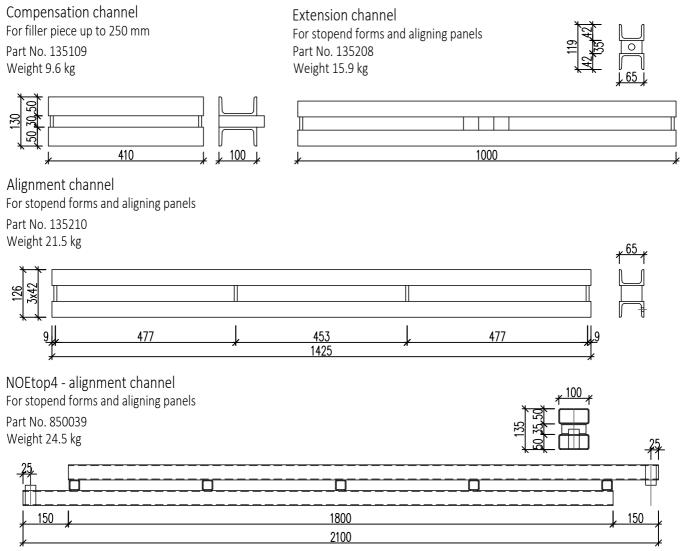










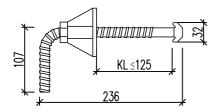


# NOEtop4 Formwork

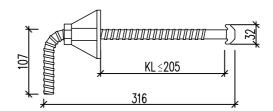


Hammer-head bolt with handle and integral nut

Part No. 319338 KL ≤ 125 mm Weight 1.1 kg



Part No. 319339 KL ≤ 205 mm Weight 1.2 kg

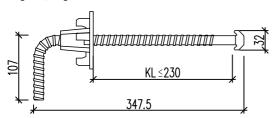


Hammerhead bolt with handle

Part No. 319343

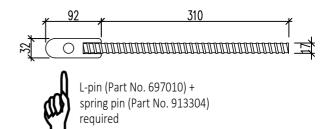
Head length (KL) ≤ 230 mm

Weight 1,2 kg



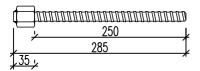
NOEtop4 - tie rod with fixing lug

Part No. 850014 Weight 0.66 kg



Connection screw

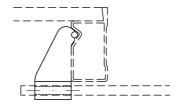
Part No. 135019 Weight 0.6 kg



Thread 15 mm with hexagonal nut 30 mm e.g. for EC panels and corner hinges

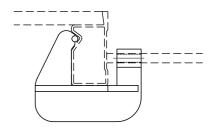
Stop-end holder 15 kN Part No. 164032

Weight 0.7 kg



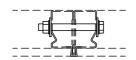
Stop-end holder 25 kN

Part No. 164036 Weight 2,1 kg

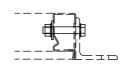


Hexagonal bolt M18x160

Part No. 318900 Weight 0.5 kg For bolting to edge profiles

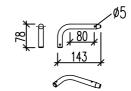


Hexagonal bolt M18x100 Part No. 318801 Weight 0.36 kg



L-pin D16

Part no. 697010 Weight 0,34 kg



Spring pin 4 mm

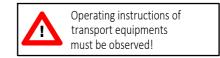
Part no. 913304 Weight 0,02 kg



For securing the L-pin



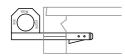
### 13.9 Transport equipment



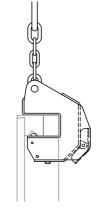
Lifting pin

Permissible load Z = 0.5 t or 5 kN Part No. 136808 Weight 0.7 kg





Use permitted only in accordance with the operating instructions!

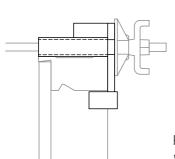


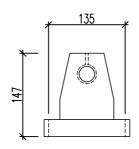
Permissible load see operating instructions or 12.1.4

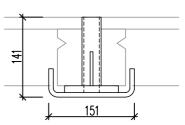
## 13.10 Foundation tying equipment

#### Tying claw



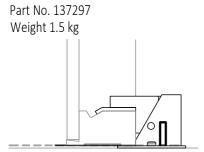




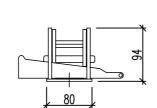


For tying over the top of a panel or outside the tie rod hole, e.g. for foundations, at window openings, etc.

#### NOEtop Foundation clamp



For strip-steel stressing devices for foundation panels.



Strip-steel stressing device

Part No. 108031 Weight 24 kg Cut to length at a hole centre!

Holes 50 mm c/c



Supplied in 50 m rolls. Permissible tension force 16 kN.

Fixation claw Part No. 136701 Weight 1.2 kg

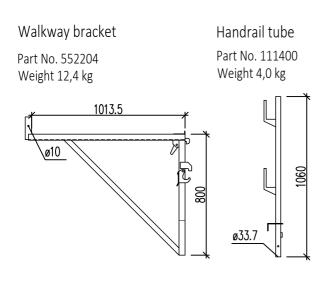


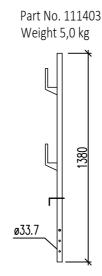


For uplift safety device of formwork



#### 13.11 Scaffolds and accessories





Handrail tube

NOEtop clamp support handrail tube Part No. 552214 Weight 3.1 kg

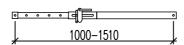




### 13.12 Raking props

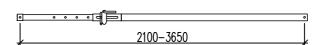
Prop push-pull 1000-1510 mm

Part no. 697026 Weight 9.4 kg perm. load 29.7 kN



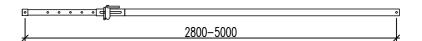
#### Prop push-pull 2100 - 3650 mm

Part no. 697027 Weight 19.1 kg perm. load 29.7 - 12.8 kN



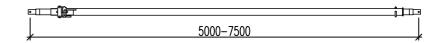
## Prop push-pull 2800-5000 mm

Part no. 697028 Weight 25.7 kg perm. load 29.7 - 6.8 kN



#### Prop push-pull 5000-7500 mm

Part no. 697133 Weight 60.1 kg perm. load 20.0 - 11.1 kN

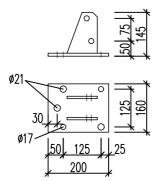


# NOEtop4 Formwork



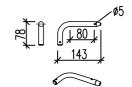
# Base plate for push-pull brace





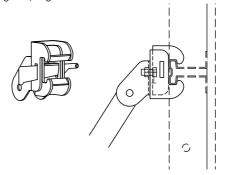
L-pin D16

Part no. 697010 Weight 0,34 kg



#### NOEtop stabilizer connector

Part no. 697032 Weight 3,0 kg



## Spring pin 4 mm

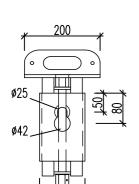
Part no. 913304 Weight 0,02 kg for securing the L-pin

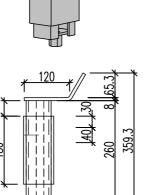


# 13.13 Formwork supports

## NOEtop formwork support *Adjusting range 75 mm* Part No. 164700

Weight 9,8 kg





80



AaOM of the formwork support must be observed!

NOEtop bolt DW 15 x 105 Part No. 164704 Weight 0,3 kg



NOE washer form A17 DIN 125 d=3 mm, Install 2 pieces, if the anchor cap with nailing plate was installed

Part No. 380026 Weight 3,68 kg

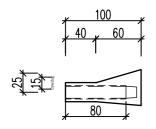
Packaging unit: 250 pieces

# NOEtop4 Formwork



NOE anchor cap

Pack: 50 pieces Part No. 694901 Weight 3,35 kg



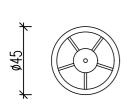


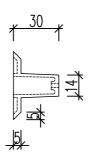
NOE plug Pack: 50 pieces Part No. 694904 Weight 0,1 kg



NOE nailing plate

Pack: 50 pieces Part No. 694903 Weight 0,4 kg





NOE nailing plug

Pack: 50 pieces Part No. 694902 Weight 0,2 kg





NOE Spanner for nailing plate Part No. 466712 Weight 0,4kg

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